

भारत सरकार-कॉर्पोरेट कार्य मंत्रालय  
कम्पनी रजिस्ट्रार कार्यालय, पश्चिम बंगाल

नाम परिवर्तन के पश्चात नया निगमन प्रमाण-पत्र

कॉर्पोरेट पहचान संख्या : L45209WB1982PLC034804

मैसर्स SPECTRUM RESOURCES LTD

के मामले में, मैं एतद्वारा सत्यापित करता हूँ कि मैसर्स  
SPECTRUM RESOURCES LTD

जो मूल रूप में दिनांक बीस अप्रैल उन्नीस सौ बयासी को कम्पनी अधिनियम, 1956 (1956 का 1) के अंतर्गत मैसर्स  
SURANA CONSTRUCTION COMPANY LIMITED

के रूप में निगमित की गई थी, ने कम्पनी अधिनियम, 1956 की धारा 21 की शर्तों के अनुसार विधिवत आवश्यक विनिश्चय पारित करके तथा लिखित रूप में यह सूचित करके की उसे भारत का अनुमोदन, कम्पनी अधिनियम, 1956 की धारा 21 के साथ पठित, भारत सरकार, कम्पनी कार्य विभाग, नई दिल्ली की अधिसूचना सं. सा. का. नि. 507 (अ) दिनांक 24.6.1985 एस्.आर.एन. B41510827 दिनांक 26/07/2012 के द्वारा प्राप्त हो गया है, उक्त कम्पनी का नाम आज परिवर्तित रूप में मैसर्स  
LIKHAM CONSULTING LIMITED

हो गया है और यह प्रमाण-पत्र, कथित अधिनियम की धारा 23(1) के अनुसार जारी किया जाता है।

यह प्रमाण-पत्र कोलकाता में आज दिनांक छब्बीस जुलाई दो हजार बारह को जारी किया जाता है।

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA - MINISTRY OF CORPORATE AFFAIRS  
Registrar of Companies, West Bengal

Fresh Certificate of Incorporation Consequent upon Change of Name

Corporate Identity Number : L45209WB1982PLC034804

In the matter of M/s SPECTRUM RESOURCES LTD

I hereby certify that SPECTRUM RESOURCES LTD which was originally incorporated on Twentieth day of April Nineteen Hundred Eighty Two under the Companies Act, 1956 (No. 1 of 1956) as SURANA CONSTRUCTION COMPANY LIMITED having duly passed the necessary resolution in terms of Section 21 of the Companies Act, 1956 and the approval of the Central Government signified in writing having been accorded thereto under Section 21 of the Companies Act, 1956, read with Government of India, Department of Company Affairs, New Delhi, Notification No. G.S.R 507 (E) dated 24/06/1985 vide SRN B41510827 dated 26/07/2012 the name of the said company is this day changed to LIKHAMI CONSULTING LIMITED and this Certificate is issued pursuant to Section 23(1) of the said Act.

Given at Kolkata this Twenty Sixth day of July Two Thousand Twelve.

Signature valid  
Digitally signed by Registrar of Companies, West Bengal  
Date: 2012.07.26 16:42:38  
Certificate

Registrar of Companies, West Bengal

कम्पनी रजिस्ट्रार, पश्चिम बंगाल

\*Note: The corresponding form has been approved by DEBASISH BANDOPADHYAY, Registrar of Companies and this certificate has been digitally signed by the Registrar through a system generated digital signature under rule 5(2) of the Companies (Electronic Filing and Authentication of Documents) Rules, 2006.

The digitally signed certificate can be verified at the Ministry website ([www.mca.gov.in](http://www.mca.gov.in)).

कम्पनी रजिस्ट्रार के कार्यालय अभिलेख में उपलब्ध पत्राचार का पता :

Mailing Address as per record available in Registrar of Companies office:

LIKHAM CONSULTING LIMITED  
ROOM NO-15, BASEMENT FLOOR, SIR RNM HOUSE, 3-B, LAL BAZAR STREET,,  
KOLKATA - 700001,  
West Bengal, INDIA



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FORM I. R.

No. 21-34804 of 1990

**FRESH CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION  
CONSEQUENT ON CHANGE OF NAME**

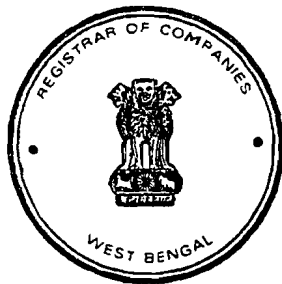
In the Office of the Registrar of Companies West Bengal  
[ Under the Companies Act, 1956 ( 1 of 1956 ) ]

In the matter of **Prudential Capital Markets Limited**

I hereby certify that **Surana Construction Company Limited** which was originally incorporated on 20th day of April 1982 under the companies Act, 1956 and under the name **Prudential Capital Markets Limited** having duly passed the necessary resolution Passed on 10/12/90 in terms of section 21 of Companies Act, 1956, and the approval of the Central Government signified in writing having been accorded thereto in the Department of Company Affairs.

ROC. W/B. letter No. NCR / CN / 34804 / 90 dated 18 / 12 / 1990 the name of the said company is this day changed to **Spectrum Resources Limited** and this certificate is issued pursuant to section 23(1) of the said Act.

Given under my hand at Calcutta this day of 8/1/1991  
(one thousand nine hundred ninetyone).



Sd/- Illegible

Asstt. Registrar of Companies  
West Bengal.

★ Here give the name of the Company as existing prior or the change.

● Here give the name of the Act(s) under which the Company was originally registered and incorporated.





FORM I. R.

No. 21-34804 of 1990

**FRESH CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION  
CONSEQUENT ON CHANGE OF NAME**

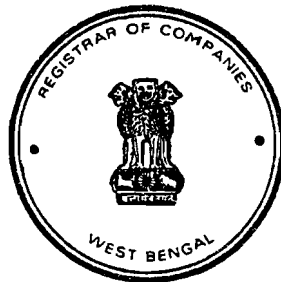
In the Office of the Registrar of Companies West Bengal  
[ Under the Companies Act, 1956 ( 1 of 1956 ) ]

In the matter of **Surana Construction Company Limited**  
199/5, Mahatma Gandhi Road, Calcutta-7

I hereby certify that **Surana Construction Company Limited** which was originally incorporated on 20th day of April 1982 under the companies Act, 1956 and under the name **Surana Construction Company Limited** having duly passed the necessary resolution in terms of section 21 of Companies Act, 1956, and the approval of the Central Government signified in writing having been accorded thereto in the Department of Company Affairs.

ROC. W/B. letter No. NCR / CN / 34804 / 90 dated 7 / 11 / 1990 the name of the said company is this day changed to **Prudential Capital Markets Limited** and this certificate is issued pursuant to section 23(1) of the said Act.

Given under my hand at Calcutta this day of 21/11/1990  
(one thousand nine hundred ninety).



Sd/- Illegible

Asstt. Registrar of Companies

West Bengal.

- ★ Here give the name of the Company as existing prior or the change.  
● Here give the name of the Act(s) under which the Company was originally registered and incorporated.





प्रारूप० आई० आर०

Form I. R.

निगमन का प्रमाण-पत्र

## CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION

ता०..... का सं०.....

No. 34804 of 1982.

मैं एतद्द्वारा प्रमाणित करता हूँ कि आज.....

कम्पनी अधिनियम 1956 ( 1956 का 1 ) के अधीन निगमित की गई है और यह कम्पनी परिसीमित है ।

I hereby certify that SURANA CONSTRUCTION COMPANY LIMITED

is this day incorporated under the Companies Act 1956 ( No. 1 of 1956 ) and that the Company is limited.

मेरे हस्ताक्षर से आज ता०.....को दिया गया ।

Given under my hand at Calcutta this Twentieth day of April One thousand nine hundred and Eighty Two.



( S. N. Guha )

कम्पनियों का रजिस्ट्रार

Addl. Registrar of Companies.







## Certificate For Commencement of Business

Pursuant of Section 149 (3) of the Companies Act, 1956

*I hereby certify that the* **SURANA CONSTRUCTION COMPANY LIMITED**

.....  
.....  
*which was incorporated under the Companies Act, 1956, on the Twentieth day of April 1982, and which has this day filed a duly verified declaration in the prescribed form that the conditions of section 149 (1) (a) to (d) / 149 (2) (a) to (c) of the said Act, have been complied with, is entitled to commence business.*

Given under my hand at Calcutta this Tenth day of May, One thousand nine hundred and Eighty two.



( M. L. Sah )

*Registrar of Companies.*



THE COMPANIES ACT, 1956

PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION

OF

**LIKHAMI CONSULTING LIMITED**

- I. The name of the Company is **LIKHAMI CONSULTING LIMITED**.
- II. The Registered Office of the Company will be situated in the State of West Bengal.
- III. The objects of which the Company is established are :
  - A) Main objects of the Company to be pursued by the Company on its Incorporation
    - \* 1. To carry on in India or elsewhere the business to act as consultants, advisor, representative, agent, arbitrators, liasioner, conciliator in all its branches such as legal, corporate management, business management, corporate law, taxation, investment, portfolio management, research and development, secretarial services, financial services management, project Management & completion in various sectors, feasibility studies, merchant banking, equity research, techno economic feasibility, technical knowhow, Quality control, project reports, surveys, scientific & technical research, enterprises resources planning, technical knowhow etc and to provide financial services research advisory and counseling services and to do all incidental acts and things necessary for the attainment of the forgoing objects.
    - \* 2. To provide, develop, protect, maintain, execute, establish, services and facilities of all types for development of children, students & people of all ages on regular and Correspondence basis in India & abroad directly or indirectly, to promote, education, training, coaching, research centre, higher education and research work in any branches, awarding scholarships and fellowships, healthcare, various education programme, encouragement, resources, and hostel, meditation centre, libraries, E-learning, E-Business, Online education and other services in all kinds of educational institutions, schools, colleges, universities etc.

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\* existing sub-clause no. 1, 2, 3, 4 & 5 of the main object of the company replaced by the new sub-clause no. 1, 2 & 3 vide special resolution passed through a Postal Ballot declared on 12/06/2012.

- \* 3. To act as consultant, advisor, conciliator, liasioner and establish & execute in all areas of health care centres, yoga cure centres, medical profession, research and development centres and other allied services in india and abroad.

B) Objects incidental or ancillary to the attainment of objects :

1. a) To export, import, buy, sell, barter, exchange, pledge, make advance upon, invest in and otherwise deal in gold, silver, bullion stocks, shares, securities of all kinds or description either ready or for forward delivery.
- b) To lend and advance money, either with or without security and give credit to such persons (including government) and upon such terms and condition as the Company may think fit, and to give guarantees, but not amounting to banking.
- c) To acquire and hold shares, stocks, debentures, debenture stocks, bonds, obligations and securities issued or guaranteed by any Company constituted or business in the Republic of India or elsewhere, and debentures, debenture stocks, bond, obligations, and securities, issued or guaranteed by any government, sovereign ruler, commissioners, public body, or authority supreme, municipal, local or otherwise, whether at home or abroad To acquire any such shares, stocks, debentures, debenture stocks, bonds, obligations or securities by original subscription, tender, purchase, exchange, or otherwise, and to subscribe for the same, either conditionally, or otherwise, and to guarantee the subscription thereof, and to exercise and enforce all rights and powers conferred by or incidental to the ownership there of. To issue shares, debentures, debenture stocks, bonds, obligations and securities of all kinds and to frame, constitute, and secure the same, as may seem expedient, with full power to make the same transferable by delivery, or by instrument of transfer or otherwise, and either perpetual or terminable and either redeemable or otherwise and to change or secure the same by trust, deed or otherwise on the under taking of the Company or upon any specific property and rights, present and future, of the Company (including, if thought fit, uncalled capital) or otherwise howsoever.
- (d) To build, acquire by concession, grant, purchase, barter, lease, licence or otherwise, either absolutely or conditionally and either alone or jointly with others as contractors or otherwise any lands, buildings, machinery, plant, works, conveniences, and other movable and immovable property of any description, patents, trade marks, concessions, privileges and other rights for the

objects and business of the Company and to construct, maintain and alter any building or works necessary or convenient for the purpose of the Company and to pay for such lands, buildings, works, property or rights or any other property and rights, purchased or acquired by or for the Company either by shares, debentures, debenture stock, bonds or other securities of the Company or by cash or otherwise dispose of or turn to account the same at such time or times and in such manner and for such consideration as may be deemed proper or expedient and to reclaim, cultivate lands and develop the resources thereof by draining, clearing, planting, manuring or otherwise.

- (e) To purchase and otherwise, acquire, manufacture, own, import, sell, export and deal in metals, minerals, appliances, machines, containers and other articles and apparatus and things capable of being used in any of the aforesaid businesses and own, lease and otherwise acquire, use facilities of whatever kind as may be convenient or useful or conducive to the effective working of the said business or any part thereof.
2. To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the Company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with the Company's objects or which may be advisable to undertake with a view to developing, rendering valuable, prospecting or turning to account any property, real or personal, belonging to the Company or in which the Company may be interested.
  3. To buy, sell, exchange, alter, improve, manipulate, prepare for market and otherwise deal in all kinds of plant, machinery, apparatus, tools, utensils, receptacles, substances, materials, articles and things necessary or convenient for carrying on any of the business or processes of the Company usually dealt in by persons engaged in the like business or processes.
  4. To buy, sell, manufacture, refine, manipulate, import and deal in substances, apparatus and things capable of being used in any business of the Company or required by any customers or persons having dealings with the Company.
  5. To repair, alter, remodel, clean, renovate, convert, manipulate and prepare for re-sale and, re-sell any goods from time to time belonging to the Company.
  6. To adopt such means of making known and advertising the business and products of the Company as may seem expedient.
  7. To manufacture for the purposes of the Company, drums, barrels, packages, tanks and containers, tubes, aerosol containers of every description from steel, tin, and other metals

and of such substances like wood, paper boards, plastics etc., as may furnish materials for such manufacturing in any of its branches.

8. To employ experts to investigate and examine into the condition, prospects, value, character and circumstances of any business concern and undertaking and generally of any assets, property or right including that of the Company.
9. To purchase, take on lease or licence or in exchange, hire or otherwise any real and/or personal property and any rights or privileges which the Company may think necessary or convenient for the purpose of its business or may enhance the value of any other property of the Company and in particular, any land (free-hold, lease-hold or other tenure), building, easement, machinery, plant, stock-in-trade and on any such lands to erect buildings, factories, sheds, godowns or other structures, for the works and purposes of the Company and also for the residence and amenity of its employees, staff and other workmen and erect and instal machinery and plant and other equipments deemed necessary or convenient or profitable for the purposes of the Company and either to retain any property to be acquired for the purposes of the Company's business or to turn the same to account as may seem expedient.
10. To build, construct, maintain, enlarge, pull down, remove or replace, improve or develop and to work, manage and control any buildings, offices, factories, mills, foundries refineries, furnaces, godowns, ware houses, shops, machinery, engines, railways, tramways, roadways, or other means of transport sidings, bridges, reservoirs, dams, watercourses, water systems, wharves, electrical works, gas works or works operated by any other kind of power and also such other machinery, equipment, conveyances, indirectly to advance the interests of the Company and to subsidise, contribute to or otherwise assist or take part in doing any of these things and/or to join with any other person or company or with any Government or Government authority in doing any of the above things.
11. To sink wells and shafts and to make, build and construct, lay down and maintain reservoirs, waterworks, cisterns, culverts, filter bebs, main and other pipes and appliances and to execute and do all other work and things necessary or convenient for obtaining, storing, selling, delivering, measuring, and distributing water for the purposes of the Company.
12. To let on lease or on hire-purchase system or to lend or otherwise dispose of any property belonging to the Company and to finance the purchase of any article or articles, made by the Company, by way of loans or by the purchase of any such article or articles, and the letting thereof on the hire-purchase system or otherwise howsoever.

13. To sell, lease, mortgage, grant licences, easements and other rights over and in any other manner whatsoever to transfer, deal with or dispose of the undertaking, property, assets, rights and effects of the Company or any part thereof, for such consideration as the Company may think fit and in particular for shares, stocks, debentures or other securities of any company whether or not having objects altogether or in part similar to those of Company.
14. Subject to the provisions of Sections 391 to 394 of the Company's Act, 1956 to amalgamate, enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure or reciprocal concession or for limiting competition with any person, firm or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the Company is authorised to carry on or engage in, or which can be carried on in conjunction therewith or which is capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the Company.
15. To purchase or otherwise acquire and undertake the whole or any part of the business, property, rights and liabilities of any person, firm or company, carrying on or proposing to carry on any business which this Company is authorised to carry on, or possessed of property or rights suitable for any of the purposes of the Company or which can be carried on in conjunction therewith on which is capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the Company and to purchase, acquire, sell and deal in property, shares, stocks, debenture-stock of any person, firm or company and to conduct, make or to carry into effect any arrangements in regard to the winding up of the business of any such person, firm or company.
16. To establish or promote or concur or be interested in establishing or promoting any company or companies for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property, rights and liabilities of the Company or for any other purpose whatsoever and to transfer to any such company any property of this Company and to place or guarantee the placing of, underwrite, subscribe for or otherwise acquire all or any part of the shares, debentures or other securities of any such other company and to subsidise or otherwise assist any such other Company.
17. To pay for any rights or property acquired by the Company and to remunerate any person or company whether by cash payment or by allotment of shares, debentures or other securities of the Company credited as paid up in full or in part or otherwise.
18. To acquire, hold, renew, use, sell, assign, lease, grant licences, mortgage, pledge or otherwise dispose of, in any part of the world any patents, patent rights, designs, licences and

privileges, inventions, improvements, and processes, copyrights, trade-marks, trade names, concessions, formulas, brevets d'invention, designs and the like conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive or limited right to their use or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the Company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the Company and to use, exercise, develop, or grant licences in respect of or otherwise turn to account the property, right or information so acquired and to expend money in experimenting upon, testing or improving any such patents, inventions, or rights.

19. To acquire, hold, use, sell, assign, lease, grant any contracts or concessions for or in relation to the supply and sale of any minerals, metals, products or other substances, materials, articles or things or equipment for or in relation to the construction, execution, carrying out, improvement, management, administration or control of any works and conveniences required for the purpose of carrying out any of the business which the Company is entitled to carry on and to undertake, execute, carry out, dispose of, or otherwise turn to account such contracts, or concessions.
20. To enter into any arrangement with any Government or authority, central, state, local or foreign or public body, or person or firm or any private individual that may seem conducive to the Company's objects or any of them and to obtain from any such Government, Authority, person or company any concessions, grants, decrees, rights, charters, contracts, licences, powers and privileges, whatsoever which may seem to the Company capable of being turned to account or which the Company may think directly or indirectly conducive to any of its objects or capable of being carried on in connection with its business and to work, develop, carry out, exercise and turn to account the same.
21. To establish, maintain and conduct training schools, course and programmes in connection with the installation, use, sale, maintenance, improvement or repair of machines, apparatus, appliances or products and of articles required in the use thereof or used in connection there with by the Company and establish, provide, maintain and conduct or otherwise subsidise research laboratories and experimental workshops for scientific and technical research and experiments and to undertake and to carry on with all scientific, and technical researches, experiments and tests of all kinds and to promote studies and research, both scientific and technical, investigations and invention by providing, subsidising, endowing and assisting laboratories, workshops, libraries, meetings and conferences and by providing for the remuneration of scientific or technical professors or teachers and by providing for the award of exhibitions, scholarships, prize and grants to students or



otherwise, and generally to encourage, promote and reward studies, research, investigations, experiments, tests, and inventions of any kind that may be considered likely to assist any of the business which the Company is authorised to carry on.

22. To acquire from any person, firm or body corporate whether in India or elsewhere, technical information, know-how processes, engineering, manufacturing and operating data plans, lay outs and blue prints useful for the design, erection and operation of plant required for any of the business of the Company and to acquire any grant or licence and other rights and benefits in the foregoing matters and things.
23. To make donations to such persons or institutions of cash or any other assets as may be thought directly or indirectly conducive to any of the Company's objects or otherwise expedient and in particular to remunerate any person or corporation introducing business to this Company and also to subscribe, contribute or otherwise assist or guarantee money for charitable, scientific, religious or benevolent objects or for any exhibition or for any public, general or other objects, but not to serve any political cause or purpose.
24. To establish and maintain or procure the establishment and maintenance of any contributory or non-contributory provident, pension or superannuation funds for the benefit of and give or procure the giving of donations, gratuities, pensions, allowances or emoluments to any persons who are or were at any time in the employment or service of the Company, or of any company which is a subsidiary of the Company or is allied to or associated with the Company or with any such subsidiary company, or who are or were at any time the directors or officers of the Company or of any such other company as aforesaid, and the wives, widows families and dependents of any such persons, and also establish and subsidise and subscribe to any institutions, associations, clubs or funds calculated to benefit or advance the interest and well-being of the Company or of any such other company as aforesaid and make payments to or towards the insurance of any such person as aforesaid and to any of the matters aforesaid either alone or in conjunction with any such other company as aforesaid.
25. To give to any officers, servants, or employees of the Company any share or interest in the profits of the Company's business or any branch thereof and whether carried on by means or through the agency of any subsidiary company or not and for that purpose to enter into any arrangements the Company may think fit.
26. To provide residential and/or sleeping accommodation for workmen and others and to afford facilities and conveniences

for washing, bathing, cooking, reading, writing and facilities for the purchase, sale and consumption of provisions, both liquid and solid and for the safe custody of goods for the welfare of the workmen and others.

27. To refer or agree to refer any claim, demand, dispute or any other question by or against the Company or in which the Company is interested or concerned and whether between the Company and the members or his or their representatives or between the Company and third parties, to arbitration in India or at any place outside India and to observe and perform and to do all acts, deeds, matters and things to carry out or enforce the awards.
28. To pay out of the funds of the Company all costs, charges and expenses which the Company may lawfully pay with respect to the promotion, formation and registration of the Company and/or the issue of its capital or which the Company shall consider to be preliminary including therein the cost of advertising, printing and stationery, commission for obtaining application for taking, placing or underwriting or procuring the underwriting the shares, debentures or other securities of the Company and expenses attendant upon the formation of agencies, branches and local boards.
29. Upon any issue of shares, debentures or other securities of the Company, to employ brokers, commission agents and underwriters and to provide for the remuneration of such persons for their services by payments in cash or by the issue of shares, debentures or other securities of the Company or by the granting of options to take the same or in any other manner allowed by law.
30. Subject to the provisions of the Act, to borrow or raise money, or to receive money on deposit or loan at interest or otherwise in such manner as the Company may think fit and in particular by the issue of debentures, or debenture-stock (perpetual or otherwise) and convertible into shares of this or any other company or not and to secure the repayment of any such money borrowed, raised or received, or owing by mortgage, pledge, charge or lien upon all or any of the property, assets or revenue of the Company (both present and future) including its uncalled capital and to give the lenders or creditors the power of sale and other powers as may seem expedient and to purchase, redeem or pay off any such securities and also by a similar mortgage charge or lien to secure and guarantee the performance by the Company or other persons, firm or company of any obligation undertaken by the Company or any other person, firm or company as the case may be.
31. To lend and advance money or to give credit to such persons or companies and on such terms as may seem expedient and

in particular to customers and others having dealings with the Company and to guarantee the performance of any contract or obligation and the payment of money of or by any such persons of companies and generally to give guarantees and indemnities.

32. To invest and deal with the moneys for the purposes of the Company in such manner as may from time to time be determined.
33. To take or concur in taking all such steps and proceedings as may seem best calculated to uphold and support the credit of the Company and to obtain and justify public confidence and to avert or minimise financial disturbances which might affect the Company.
34. To confer upon any encumbrancer or trustee for any encumbrances of uncalled capital such powers of making and enforcing calls and of voting the transfer of shares not fully paid up as may be thought fit.
35. To draw, make, accept, endorse, discount, execute and issue and negotiate bills of exchange, hundies, bills of lading, promissory notes, warrants, debentures and other negotiable or transferable instruments or securities.
36. To receive money on deposit with or without allowance of interest there on and to guarantee the debts and the contracts of customers, but not amounting to banking.
37. To subsidise, assist and guarantee the payment of money or for performance of any contract, engagement or obligation by any person or companies and in particular, customers of the Company or any persons or companies with whom the Company may have or intend to have business relations.
38. To vest any real or personal property, rights or interests acquired or by belonging to the Company in any person or company on behalf of or for the benefit of the Company and with or without any declared trust in favour of the Company.
39. To act as agents or brokers and as trustees and to undertake and perform sub-contracts and to do all or any of the above things in any part of the world and as principals, agents, contractors, trustees or otherwise and by or through agents, sub-contractors or trustees or otherwise and either alone or jointly with others.
40. To procure the incorporation, registration or other recognition of the Company in any country, state or place and to establish and regulate agencies for the purpose of the Company's business.

41. To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the Company or any part thereof for such consideration as the Company may think fit and in particular for shares, debentures, or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the Company.
42. To distribute in specie or otherwise as may be resolved any property or assets of the Company or any proceeds of sale or disposal of any property or assets of the Company including the shares, debentures or other securities of any other Company formed to take over the whole or any part of the assets or liabilities of Company, but so that no distribution amounting to a reduction of capital be made except with the sanction (if any) for the time being required by law.
43. To apply the assets of the Company in any way in or towards the establishment, maintenance or extension of any association, institution or fund in anywise connected with any particular trade or business or with trade or commerce generally and particularly with the trade, including any association, institution or fund for the protection of the interests of masters, owners and employers against loss by bad debts, strikes, combinations, fire, accidents or otherwise or for the benefits of any clerks, workmen or others at any time employed by the Company or any of its predecessors in business or their families or dependants and whether or not in common with other persons or classes of persons and in particular of friendly co-operative and other societies, reading rooms, libraries, educational and charitable institutions, refractories, dining and recreation rooms, temples, schools and hospitals and to grant gratuities, pensions, and allowances and to contribute to any funds raised by public or local subscriptions for any purpose whatsoever.
44. To carry on any business or branch of a business which this Company is authorised to carry on by means or through the agency of any subsidiary company or companies and to enter into any arrangement with any such subsidiary company for taking the profits and bearing the losses of any business or branch so carried on, or for financing any such subsidiary company or guaranteeing its liabilities, or to make any other arrangements which may seem desirable with reference to any business or branch so carried on including power at any time either temporarily or permanently to close any such business or branch and to appoint directors or managers of any such subsidiary company.
45. To do all or any of the above things either as principals, agents, trustees, contractors or otherwise and either by or through agents, sub-contractors, trustees or otherwise and either alone or in conjunction with others and to do all such things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

46. To do all and everything necessary, suitable or proper for the accomplishment of any of the purposes or the attainment of any of the objects or the furtherance of any of the power herein-before set forth either alone or in association with other corporate bodies, firms, or individuals and to do, every acts, thing or things incidental or appurtenant to or growing or growing out of, connected with the aforesaid business or powers or any part or parts thereof, provided the same be not inconsistent with the laws of the Union of India.

(C) Other Objects :

1. To carry on business as producers, manufacturers, processors, converters, refiners, makers, bottlers, stockists, dealers, importers, exporters, traders, retailers, agents, buyers, or sellers of oxygen, acetylene, ammonia, nitrogen, hydrogen, coal gas, natural gas, helium and other types and kinds of gases, mineral oil, motor and aviation spirit, diesel oil, kerosene, diverse hydrocarbon oil and their blends including synthetic fuels and lubricating oils required for or used in industries, agriculture, clinics, hospitals, refrigeration, aviation, transport vehicles, space rockets, and crafts, communication, objects and media, power plants, domestic or public lighting, heating, cooling or cooking purposes, lighters, plants producing water, chemicals or fuels, pesticide, defence or warfare establishments, horticulture, forest or plant protection and growth and other allied purposes and to service, repair, manufacture, market or deal in machinery, plants, spares, cylinders, containers, gadgets, appliances and accessories required for, working on, using or producing any of such gases, oils and products.
2. To carry on business as producers, importers, exporters, processors, manufacturers, buyers, sellers, distributors, stockists, agents and brokers of coal, coke, charcoal, lignite, petroleum coke, copper, iron ore, bauxite, kyanite, fire-clay, china clay, salt, sodium, chloride, calcium, phosphate nickel beryllium, uranium, zinc, lead, asbestos, tin, alumina, mercury, silicon, sulphur, graphite, brass, aluminium, silica sand, bentonite, granite, quartz, destine, magnestice, dolomite, ferroalloys, corundum, manganese, mica, silver, gold, platinum, diamond, sapphire, ruby, topaz, garnet, emerald, pearl and other precious, semi-precious or commercial minerals, and stones and to act as metal founders, manufacturers, agents and dealers of metals, sheets, wires, rods, squares, plates, metal foils, pipes, tubes, ingots, billets circles parts, coils, utensils, ornaments, decorative and art materials and jewellery made wholly or partly from any one or more of the metals and materials mentioned herein or their derivatives.
3. To carry on business as manufacturers, operators, dealers, distributors, stockists, buyers, sellers, repairers, cleaners,

stores, importers exporters, or agents, of motor cars, trucks, forklifts, lorries and carriages, motor cycles, mopeds, scooters, bicycles, tractors, earth moving equipments, trailers and other vehicles, aircraft, ships and other vessels drawn by power, railway locomotives and rolling stock, agricultural machinery and implements, pumps and machineries and spare parts, engines, motors, accessories, components, tools, ancillaries, batteries, glass panels and sheets, apparatus, fittings, furnishing materials tyre, valves, paints, lubricants, fuel, oil, carbon brushes, gas or other materials and to act as transporters of goods and passengers, travelling or clearing agents and to let out, hire or finance on hire-purchase system or otherwise automobile and other vehicles, implements, machines and any of the aforementioned products or things.

4. To carry on business as manufacturers, processors, re-rollers, refiners, smelters, converters, producers, exporters, importers, traders, dealers, distributors, stockists, buyers, sellers, agents or merchants in all kinds and forms of ferrous and nonferrous metals, ferro alloys, iron and steel including mild, high carbon, spring, high speed, tool alloy, stainless and special steels, iron, metals and alloys, ingots, butlets, bars, joists, rods, squares, structural, tubes, poles, pipes, sheets, castings, wires, rails, rolling materials, rollers, semi manufacturers and other materials made wholly or partly of iron, steel, alloys and metals required in or used for industrial defence, agricultural, trans port, commercial, domestic, building, power transmission and or construction purposes.
5. To carry on business as manufacturers, fabricators, producers, importers, exporters, dealers, agents, stockists, retailers, traders, or brokers of all kinds of foundry equipments, mould boxes, ingot moulds, material handling equipments, tools, machine tools, gadgates, accessories, spares, and machinery including steam engines and turbines, internal combustion engines and other types of prime movers, industrial machineries, specially for textiles, jute, rayon, sugar, tea mining metallurgical, cement, glass, chemicals, pharmaceutical and paper industries general items of machinery such as equipment, for various unit processes including size reduction equipment, conveying equipment, size separation, units, mixers and reactors, centrifugal machines, evaporators, distillation equipment, crystallisers, drivers, power driven pumps, reciprocating centrifugal and the like, air and gas compressors and vaccum pipes, electrical furnaces, refrigeration and fire righting equipment, high tensile bolts and nuts, expanded metal, fishing hooks, and tackle, grinding wheels, segments and media, pins, and malleable castings.
6. To carry on business as iron-masters, iron founders, iron workers, steel makers, electric and blast furnaces proprietors, brass founders and metal makers, refiners and workers generally, iron and steel converters, smiths tin plate makers,

manufacturers of industrial, agricultural and other fittings, parts and all kinds of machineries, tools and implements, boiler and steam generating plant makers and metallurgists.

7. To manufacture, produce, buy, sell, import, export, stock and deal in machine tools, grinding machines, automatic lathes, drilling machines, planing machines, planogrinders, machinery of every description, precision tools, cutting and small tools, electric motors, electrical equipments, equipment for generation, transmission, and distribution of electricity, electric motors, cables, wires, conductors, switch-gears, flame and drip proof motors, electric fans, regulators of all types, electric kilowatt hour motors, magnets, industrial jewels, armeters, voltmeters, and other types of measuring instruments, electrical or non electrical, non-electric die castings, screws, nuts and bolts, transformers of all types, circuit breakers, hoists, elevators, gears, trolleys and coaches, winches, aircompressors, welders, refrigerators, domestic washing machines, telephones, teleprinters, public address equipment, lighting arresters, rotavators, rader equipments, valves, resistors, electronic equipment and instruments, conductors, magnetic materials transistors and allied items.
8. To produce, manufacture, purchase, refine, prepare, process, import, export, sell and generally deal in cement, portland cement, alumina cement, asbestos cement, lime and limestone and by products thereof, cement-pipes, sheets and other building materials, refractories, fire bricks, furnace lining bricks acidic, basic and neutral insulating boards, gypsum boards, wall boards and the like.
9. To prospect for examine exports, win, get, quarry, smelt, calcine, refine, crush and grind, dress, amalgamate, manipulate and prepare for market, purchase, sell or deal in ores, metals, and minerals, of all kinds and to carry on any other prospecting, mining or metallurgical operations and to buy, sell, manufacture and deal in minerals, plants, machinery implements, conveniences, provisions and things capable of being used in connection with prospecting, mining or metallurgical operations.
10. To carry on business as printers and publishers including of newspapers, books, and journals as well as producers, distributors, importers, exporters, exhibitors and financiers of cinematograph film, and to manufacture own, acquire, provide, secure, arrange or deal in films and photographic paper and equipment, cameras, sound recording, musical, lighting appliances, instruments, equipments, and machines, and to construct, establish, own, hire or otherwise acquire and to manage, let out for rent, fee monetary gain or otherwise studies, laboratories, theatres, buildings or works required for the purposes of production, distribution or exhibition of the films, operas, stageplays, dances, operattas, burriesques,

vaudeville, reveus, ballets, pantomines, spectacular pieces, promenade, concert, circuls or other performance and entertainments and to act as dealers, importers, exporters of musical instruments and records, tapes, cinema and film projectors and cameras, wigs, and other products or materials related or connected with the aforesaid objects and business ; and to acquire exclusive or limited rights to and play, story, script, musical songs and lyric, book, article or any technique by producing, purchasing or otherwise acquiring and to use, exercise, develop or exploit or turn to account such rights for the business of the Company ; and to act as agents for training, retaining, arranging and supplying artists, stars, art directors, script or story writers, technicians, extras and other personnel required by Company or others, film, cinema or show business.

11. To produce, manufacture, refine, prepare, process, purchase, sell, import, export or generally deal in sand, stone, marble, tiles, china-wares, sanitary materials, pottery, insulators, tiles, glass, hollowware, optical glass, glass, wool, fibre glass, laboratoryware, and other miscellaneous glassware, linoleum, pipes, tubes, tubular structures, paints, adhesives, sheets, roofings, glass, furniture, fittings, electrical goods, water supply or storage equipments, floor polish, door closers, concrete mixers, elevators, and building or decorative materials made of cement, stone, clay, timber, teak, board, fibre, paper, glass, rubber, plastic or other natural or synthetic substance or chemical.
12. To manufacture, process, import, export, buy, sell and deal in vanaspati oils, de-hydrated vegetable oils, oils made or processed or solvent extracted from seeds, cotton seeds, cocoanuts, products of plantations, horticulture, agriculture, and forest produce and oil cakes, and to get vanaspati soaps and lubricants made from such oils or as by-products thereof.
13. To carry on business of manufacture, fabricators, processors, producers, growers, makers, importers, exporters, buyers, sellers, suppliers, stockists, agents, merchants, distributors, and concessionaires of and dealers in flour, cakes, pastry, cornflakes, bread, biscuits chocolates, confectionery, sweets, fruit drips, sugar, glucose, chewing gums, milk, cream, ice, ice-cream, aerated or mineral water, fruit, juices, wines, liquors and other alcoholic drinks and fermentation products, canned fruits and fruit products, milk and malted food, cigarettes, cigars, protein foods, maize products, butter, ghee, cheese and other dairy products, pickles, jams, jellies, sausages, cider, poultry and eggs, pulses, spices, oils, powder, and condensed milk, honey, fresh and dehydrated vegetables, coffee, tea, coca seeds, processed seeds, concentrate for cattle or poultry feed, fruits and all kinds of processed foods as well as materials required or used for preparation of or being food articles.



14. To acquire by purchase, lease, exchange, hire or otherwise develop or operate land, buildings and hereditaments of any tenure of description and any estate or interest therein, and any right over to or connected with land and buildings situated and develop or to turn the same to account as may seem expedient and in particulars by preparing building sites and by constructing, reconstructing, altering, improving, decorating, furnishing and maintaining hotels, rooms, inns, flats, houses, restaurants, markets, shops, workshops, mills, factories, warehouses, cold storages, wharves, godowns, offices, safe deposit vaults, hostels, gardens, swimming pools, playground, buildings, works and conveniences of all kinds and by leasing, hiring or disposing of the same.
15. To carry on business as manufacturers, producers, dealers, processors, importers, exporters, stockists, agents, brokers, traders, retailers of all kinds of paper including writing printing wrapping and tissues, news print, paper for packing including corrugated and kraft paper, synthetic papers, all kinds of boards including paper and straw board, and all kinds of pulp whether mechanical or chemical including dissolving pulp.
16. To manufacture, deal in export, import, assemble, fit, repair, convert, overhaul, alter, maintain, and improve all types of electronic components, devices, equipments and appliances and raw materials therefore and to deal in and with stores and other materials used in or in connection with electronic and electrical industries.
17. To carry on the business of manufacture and or deal in all types of tapes, magnetic and otherwise, tape recorder, television, broadcast, relay and reception equipments, phonographs and other equipments used in and or for audio and visual communications, apparatus and equipment including those using electro-magnetic waves intended for radio-telegraphic or radio-telephonic communication, photocopies, electronic, lighting controls, continuous fan motor speed controls continuous flashers and fire alarm systems, digital and other electronic clocks, time relays, electromechanical pneumatic controls, automatic calculators, X-ray machines, surgical, medical and other appliances intended for electro and other therapy treatment.
18. To carry on business as transporters of goods, passengers, livestock and materials by road, rail, waterways, sea or air and to own, purchase, take or give on lease, charter or hire or otherwise run, use or require transport vehicles, crafts, ships and carriers of all kinds required for the transport business and to act as forwarding agents, warehousemen and booking agents.

19. To carry on the business of planters, cultivators, manufacturers, buyers and sellers of tea, tea seed and coffee and in this connection to purchase, take on lease or in exchange or otherwise acquire any lands, tea gardens, plantation and property as the company may think necessary or convenient for its, business and to form, open out, work and carry on the business of a tea estate or tea estates, on any lands, to acquire, construct, and maintain factories, establishments, works, buildings, and erections for all or any of the purposes aforesaid and to acquire or make machinery, implements and articles, required to be used for any such purposes, to carry on as principals or agents any branch of agricultural, manufacturing or mercantile business for which the Company's lands, tea gardens, establishments, property and employees may be conveniently applicable and to carry on all such business connected with the acquisition, hiring, leasing, planting, irrigation, and cultivation of lands and the rendering merchantable and disposing of the produce thereof as are usually or any conveniently be associated with the plantation and cultivation of tea gardens, and the manufacture, export, and sale of tea or any other produce of the soil.
20. To cultivate, plant, bring, buy, sell, prepare, convert, process, treat or manipulate in any manner all kinds of tobacco leaves, jute, cotton, hemp, lac, cinchona, rubber, sugarcane, beet, dal, oilseeds, vegetable products, foodgrains and all other products of the soil.
21. To guarantee the payment of money, unsecured or secured by or pay able under in respect, of bonds, debentures, debenture-stocks, contracts, mortgages, charges, obligations and other securities of any company or of any authority, Central, State, Municipal, local or otherwise or of any person whomsoever, whether incorporated or not and generally transact all kinds of guarantee business, to guarantee the issue of or the payment of interest on the shares, debentures, debenture-stocks or other securities or obligations of any company or association, and to pay or provide for brokerage, commission and underwriting in respect of any such issue and to transact all kinds of trust and agency business.
22. To promote, form or acquire any company and to take, purchase, or acquire shares or interest in any company and to transfer to any such company and property of this Company and to take or otherwise acquire, hold and dispose of or otherwise deal in and invest in any shares, debentures and other securities in or of any company or companies either out of its own funds or out of funds that it might borrow by issue of debentures or from bankers or otherwise howsoever or in any other manner whatsoever and to subsidise or otherwise assist any such company.

23. To carry on business as agents, holders, dealers, or investors in unit or units issued by the Unit Trust of India and to invest and deal with the funds available with the Company as may deem fit from time to time and to pay, allow, give, or distribute interest, dividends, prizes or gifts on or in relation to that.
  24. To export, import, buy, sell, barter, exchange, pledge, make advance upon, invest in and otherwise deal in gold, silver, stocks, shares, securities, jute, seeds, handicrafts and articles, produce and merchandise of all kinds or description either ready or for forward delivery as permissible by the objects of the company and to make loans and advances as also finance on hire purchase basis.
  25. To render engineering, technical, management and other types of skilled and other services to all type of industry or organisations in India or abroad including for office, advertising, accounting computer, secretarial and taxation matters and without limiting the generality of the above to act as consultants.
  26. To achieve greater growth of National economy through increased productivity, effective utilisation of materials and man power resources, export promotion and continued application of modern techniques so as to discharge its social and moral responsibilities to the shareholders, employees, customers, local community and the society.
- IV. The liability of the Members is limited.
- V. The Authorised Share Capital of the Company is Rs. 10,00,00,000/- divided into 99,50,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each and 5000 % Redeemable cumulative preference shares of Rs.100/- each, with the power to increase or decrease such capital and to divide the Shares in the capital for the time being into several classes and to attach thereto respectively any preferential, deferred qualified or special rights, privileges or conditions, subject to the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956.

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We, the several persons, whose names, addresses and descriptions are subscribed below, are desirous of being formed into a Company in pursuance of this Memorandum of Association and we respectively agree to take the number of shares in the Capital of the Company set opposite to our respective names :-

| Name, Address, Descriptions and Occupations of Subscribers.  | No. of Equity Shares taken by each Subscriber | Name, Address, Occupation & Description of Witness   |
|--|---|--|
| 1. <b>Sri Bijay Singh Surana</b><br>S/o. Late Himmatmal Surana<br>81, Southern Avenue,<br>Calcutta-29.<br>Business           | 10<br>(Ten)                                   | Witness to all Signatories :<br><b>Chainroop Bhansali</b><br>S/o. Sri Fateh Chand Bhansali<br>133, Canning Street, Calcutta - 700 001.<br>Chartered Accountant |
| 2. <b>Smt. Kamala Kumari Surana</b><br>W/o. Sri Bijay Singh Surana<br>81, Southern Avenue,<br>Calcutta-29.<br>Business       | 10<br>(Ten)                                   |  |
| 3. <b>Sri Shanti Kumar Surana</b><br>S/o. Sri Bijay Singh Surana<br>81, Southern Avenue,<br>Calcutta-29.<br>Business         | 10<br>(Ten)                                   |  |
| 4. <b>Sri Saroj Kumar Surana</b><br>S/o. Late Hanutmal Surana<br>81, Southern Avenue,<br>Calcutta-29.<br>Business            | 10<br>(Ten)                                   |  |
| 5. <b>Smt. Sandhya Surana</b><br>W/o. Sri Shanti Kumar Surana<br>81, Southern Avenue,<br>Calcutta-29.<br>Business            | 10<br>(Ten)                                   |  |
| 6. <b>Smt. Madhu Surana</b><br>Wo. Sri Saroj Kumar Surana<br>81, Southern Avenue,<br>Calcutta-29.<br>Business                | 10<br>(Ten)                                   |  |
| 7. <b>Sri Sumermal Kathotia</b><br>S/o. Late Sri Punam Chand<br>Kathotia<br>104, Old China Bazar,<br>Calcutta-1.<br>Business | 10<br>(Ten)                                   |  |
|  | 70<br>(Seventy)                               |  |

Dated, the 23rd day of March, 1982.

*The Articles of Association is in conformity with the provisions of the Companies Act 2013 and in entire substitution with the earlier Articles of Association adopted by the shareholders vide special Resolution passed at the Annual General meeting of the company held on 28/09/2015.*

THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013  
COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

OF

**LIKHAMI CONSULTING LIMITED**

**Constitution**

1. The Regulations contained in Table 'F' in the First Schedule to the Companies Act, 2013 shall not apply to the Company except in so far as they are embodied in the following Articles, which shall be the regulations for the Management of the Company.

**INTERPRETATION CLAUSE**

**Interpretation**

2. The marginal notes hereto shall not affect the construction hereof. In these presents, the following words and expressions shall have the following meanings unless excluded by the subject or context:

**The Act**

- a) 'The Act' or 'The Companies Act' shall mean The Companies Act, 2013, its rules and any statutory modifications or reenactments thereof.

**The Board of Directors**

- b) 'The Board' or 'The Board of Directors' means a meeting of the Directors duly called and constituted or as the case may be, the Directors assembled at a Board, or the requisite number of Directors entitled to pass a circular resolution in accordance with these Articles.
- c) 'The Company' or 'This Company' means **LIKHAMI CONSULTING LIMITED.**

**Directors**

- d) 'Directors' means the Directors for the time being of the Company.

**In Writing**

- e) 'Writing' includes printing, lithograph, typewriting and any other usual substitutes for writing.

**Members**

- f) 'Members' means members of the Company holding a share or shares of any class.

**Month**

- g) 'Month' shall mean a calendar month.

**Paid-up**

- h) 'Paid-up' shall include credited as fully paid-up'.

**Person**

- i) 'Person' shall include any corporation as well as individual

**presents**

- j) 'These presents' or 'Regulations' shall mean these Articles of Association as now framed or altered from time to time and shall include the Memorandum where the context so requires.

For LIKHAMI CONSULTING LTD.

  
DIRECTOR

**Sections**

- k) 'Section' or 'Sec.' means Sections of the Act.
- l) Words importing the masculine gender shall include the feminine gender
- m) Except where the context otherwise requires, words importing the singular shall include the plural and the words importing the plural shall include the singular.

**Special Resolution**

- n) 'Special Resolution' means special resolution as defined by Section 114 in the Act.

**The Office**

- o) 'The Office' means the Registered Office of the Company for the time being.

**The Register**

- p) 'The Register' means the Register of Members to be kept pursuant to Section 88 of the Companies Act, 2013.

**Proxy**

- q) 'Proxy' includes Attorney duly constituted under a Power of Attorney.

**Securities**

- r) 'Securities' means the securities as defined in clause (h) of section 2 of the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956.

**Seal**

- s) The Seal – means the common seal for the time being of the Company.

**Year**

- t) 'Year' means year of account of the Company.

3. Except as provided by Section 67 of the Companies Act, no part of funds of the Company shall be employed in the purchase of the shares of the Company, and the Company shall not directly or indirectly and whether by shares, or loans, give guarantee, the provision of security or otherwise any financial assistance for the purpose of or in connection with a purchase or subscription made or to be made by any person of or for any shares in the Company.
4. The Authorized Share Capital of the Company shall be as prescribed in Clause V of the Memorandum of Association of the Company.
5. Subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles, the shares in the capital of the Company for the time being (including any shares forming part of any increased capital of the Company) shall be under the control of the Board who may allot the same or any of them to such persons, in such proportion and on such terms and conditions and either at a premium or at par or at a discount (subject to compliance with the provisions of the Act) and at such terms as they may, from time to time, think fit and proper and with the sanction of the Company in General Meeting by a Special Resolution give to any person the option to call for or be allotted shares of any class of the Company, either at par, at a premium or subject as aforesaid at a discount, such option being exercisable at such times and for such consideration as the Board thinks fit unless the Company in General Meeting, by a Special Resolution, otherwise decides. Any offer of further

shares shall be deemed to include a right, exercisable by the person to whom the shares are offered, to renounce the shares offered to him in favour of any other person. Subject to the provisions of the Act, any redeemable Preference Share, including Cumulative Convertible Preference Share may, with the sanction of an ordinary resolution be issued on the terms that they are, or at the option of the Company are liable to be redeemed or converted on such terms and in such manner as the Company, before the issue of the shares may, by special resolution, determine.

6. The Company in General Meeting, by a Special Resolution, may determine that any share (whether forming part of the original capital or of any increased capital of the Company) shall be offered to such persons (whether members or holders of debentures of the Company or not), giving them the option to call or be allotted shares of any class of the Company either at a premium or at par or at a discount, (subject to compliance with the provisions of Section 53) such option being exercisable at such times and for such consideration as may be directed by a Special Resolution at a General Meeting of the Company or in General Meeting and may take any other provisions whatsoever for the issue, allotment or disposal of any shares.
7. The Board may at any time increase the subscribed capital of the Company by issue of new shares out of the unissued part of the Share Capital in the original or subsequently created capital, but subject to Section 62 of the Act, and subject to the following conditions namely:
  - I. (a) Such further shares shall be offered to the persons who, at the date of the offer, are holder of the equity shares of the Company in proportion, as nearly as circumstances admit, to the capital paid up on those shares at that date.
  - (b) The offer aforesaid shall be made by notice specifying the number of shares offered and limiting a time not being less than twenty-one days, from the date of the offer within which the offer, if not accepted, will be deemed to have been declined.
  - (c) The offer aforesaid shall be deemed to include a right exercisable by the person concerned to renounce the shares offered to him or any of them in favour of any other person and the notice referred to in clause (b) shall contain a statement of this right.
  - d) After the expiry of the time specified in the notice aforesaid, or in respect of earlier intimation from the person to whom such notice is given that he declines to accept the shares offered, the Board may dispose of them in such manner as it thinks most beneficial to the Company.
  - II. The Directors may, with the sanction of the Company in General Meeting by means of a special resolution, offer and allot shares to any person at their discretion by following the provisions of section 62 of the Act and other applicable provisions, if any.
  - III. Nothing in this Article shall apply to the increase in the subscribed capital of the Company which has been approved by:
    - (a) A Special Resolution passed by the Company in General Meeting before the issue of the debentures or the raising of the loans, and

- (b) The Central Government before the issue of the debentures or raising of the loans or is in conformity with the rules, if any, made by that Government in this behalf.
8. (1) The rights attached to each class of shares (unless otherwise provided by the terms of the issue of the shares of the class) may, subject to the provisions of Section 48 of the Act, be varied with the consent in writing of the holders of not less than three fourths of the issued shares of that class or with the sanction of a Special Resolution passed at a General Meeting of the holders of the shares of that class.
- (2) To every such separate General Meeting, the provisions of these Articles relating to General Meeting shall Mutatis Mutandis apply, but so that the necessary quorum shall be two persons at least holding or representing by proxy one-tenth of the issued shares of that class.

**Issue of further shares with disproportionate rights**

9. Subject to the provisions of the Act, the rights conferred upon the holders of the shares of any class issued with preferred or other rights or not, unless otherwise expressly provided for by the terms of the issue of shares of that class, be deemed to be varied by the creation of further shares ranking pari passu therewith with the approval of members.

**Not to issue shares with disproportionate rights**

10. The Company shall not issue any shares (not being Preference Shares) which carry voting rights or rights in the Company as to dividend, capital or otherwise which are disproportionate to the rights attached to the holders of other shares not being Preference Shares.

**Power to pay commission**

11. The Company may, at any time, pay a commission to any person for subscribing or agreeing to subscribe (whether absolutely or conditionally) for any share, debenture or debenture stock of the Company or procuring or agreeing to procure subscriptions (whether absolute or conditional) for shares, such commission in respect of shares shall be paid or payable out of the capital, the statutory conditions and requirements shall be observed and complied with and the amount or rate of commission shall not exceed five percent of the price at which the shares are issued and in the case of debentures, the rate of commission shall not exceed, two and half percent of the price at which the debentures are issued. The commission may be satisfied by the payment of cash or the allotment of fully or partly paid shares or partly in one way and partly in the other. The Company may also, on any issue of shares, pay such brokerage as may be lawful.

**Liability of joint holders of shares**

12. The joint holders of a share or shares shall be severally as well as jointly liable for the payment of all installments and calls due in respect of such share or shares.

**Trust not recognised**

13. Save as otherwise provided by these Articles, the Company shall be entitled to treat the registered holder of any share as the absolute owner thereof and accordingly, the Company shall not, except as ordered by a Court of competent jurisdiction or as by a statute required, be bound to recognise any equitable, contingent, future or partial interest lien, pledge or charge in any share or (except only by these presents otherwise provided for) any



other right in respect of any share except an absolute right to the entirety thereof in the registered holder.

**Issue other than for cash**

14. a. The Board may issue and allot shares in the capital of the Company as payment or part payment for any property sold or goods transferred or machinery or appliances supplied or for services rendered or to be rendered to the Company in or about the formation or promotion of the Company or the acquisition and or conduct of its business and shares may be so allotted as fully paid-up shares, and if so issued, shall be deemed to be fully paid-up shares.

**The Issue of Sweat Equity Shares /Stock Option to the Employees of the Company**

- b. Notwithstanding anything contained in these Articles, subject to the provisions of Section 53, 54 any other applicable provisions of any Act and/or any law for the time being in force, the Board of Directors may from time to time issue Sweat Equity shares and Stock Option to the employees of the company.
- c. As regards all allotments, from time to time made, the Board shall duly comply with Section 39 of the Act.

**Acceptance of shares**

15. An application signed by or on behalf of the applicant for shares in the Company, followed by an allotment of any share therein, shall be acceptance of the shares within the meaning of these Articles; and every person who thus or otherwise accepts any share and whose name is on the Register shall, for the purpose of these Articles, be a shareholder.

**Member's right to share Certificates**

16. 1. Every person whose name is entered as a member in the Register shall be entitled to receive without payment:
- a. One certificate for all his shares; or
- b. Share certificate shall be issued in marketable lots, where the share certificates are issued either for more or less than the marketable lots, sub-division/consolidation into marketable lots shall be done free of charge.
2. The Company shall, within two months after the allotment and within fifteen days after application for registration of the transfer of any share or debenture, complete and have it ready for delivery; the share certificates for all the shares and debentures so allotted or transferred unless the conditions of issue of the said shares otherwise provide.
3. Every certificate shall be under the seal and shall specify the shares to which it relates and the amount paid-up thereon.
4. The certificate of title to shares and duplicates thereof when necessary shall be issued under the seal of the Company and signed by two Directors and the Secretary or authorised official(s) of the Company.

**One Certificate for joint holders**

17. In respect of any share or shares held jointly by several persons, the Company shall not be bound to issue more than one certificate for the same share or shares and the delivery of a certificate for the share or shares to one of

several joint holders shall be sufficient delivery to all such holders. Subject as aforesaid, where more than one share is so held, the joint holders shall be entitled to apply jointly for the issue of several certificates in accordance with Article 20 below.

**Renewal of Certificate**

18. If a certificate be worn out, defaced, destroyed, or lost or if there is no further space on the back thereof for endorsement of transfer, it shall, if requested, be replaced by a new certificate without any fee, provided however that such new certificate shall not be given except upon delivery of the worn out or defaced or used up certificate, for the purpose of cancellation, or upon proof of destruction or loss, on such terms as to evidence, advertisement and indemnity and the payment of out of pocket expenses as the Board may require in the case of the certificate having been destroyed or lost. Any renewed certificate shall be marked as such in accordance with the provisions of the act in force.
19. For every certificate issued under the last preceding Article, no fee shall be charged by the Company.

**Splitting and consolidation of Share Certificate**

20. The shares of the Company may be split up/consolidated in the following circumstances:
- (i) At the request of the member/s for split up of shares in marketable lot.
  - (ii) At the request of the member/s for consolidation of fraction shares into marketable lot.

**Directors may issue new Certificate(s)**

21. Where any share under the powers in that behalf herein contained are sold by the Directors and the certificate thereof has not been delivered up to the Company by the former holder of the said shares, the Directors may issue a new certificate for such shares distinguishing it in such manner as they think fit from the certificate not so delivered up.

**Person by whom installments are payable**

22. If, by the conditions of allotment of any share, the whole or part of the amount or issue price thereof shall be payable by instalments, every such instalment, shall, when due, be paid to the Company by the person who for the time being and from time to time shall be the registered holder of the share or his legal representative or representatives, if any.

**LIEN**

**Company's lien on shares**

23. The Company shall have first and paramount lien upon all shares other than fully paid-up shares registered in the name of any member, either or jointly with any other person, and upon the proceeds or sale thereof for all moneys called or payable at a fixed time in respect of such shares and such lien shall extend to all dividends from time to time declared in respect of such shares. But the Directors, at any time, may declare any share to be exempt, wholly or partially from the provisions of this Article. Unless otherwise agreed, the registration of transfer of shares shall operate as a waiver of the Company's lien, if any, on such shares.

**As to enforcing lien by sale**

24. For the purpose of enforcing such lien, the Board of Directors may sell the shares subject thereto in such manner as it thinks fit, but no sale shall be made until the expiration of 14 days after a notice in writing stating and demanding payment of such amount in respect of which the lien exists has been given to the registered holders of the shares for the time being or to the person entitled to the shares by reason of the death or insolvency of the register holder.

**Authority to transfer**

25. a. To give effect to such sale, the Board of Directors may authorise any person to transfer the shares sold to the purchaser thereof and the purchaser shall be registered as the holder of the shares comprised in any such transfer.
- b. The purchaser shall not be bound to see the application of the purchase money, nor shall his title to the shares be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings relating to the sale.

**Application of proceeds of sale**

26. The net proceeds of any such sale shall be applied in or towards satisfaction of the said moneys due from the member and the balance, if any, shall be paid to him or the person, if any, entitled by transmission to the shares on the date of sale.

**CALLS ON SHARES****Calls**

27. Subject to the provisions of Section 49 of the Act, the Board of Directors may, from time to time, make such calls as it thinks fit upon the members in respect of all moneys unpaid on the shares held by them respectively and not by the conditions of allotment thereof made payable at fixed times, and the member shall pay the amount of every call so made on him to the person and at the time and place appointed by the Board of Directors.

**When call deemed to have been made**

28. A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution of the Directors authorising such call was passed. The Board of Directors making a call may by resolution determine that the call shall be deemed to be made on a date subsequent to the date of the resolution, and in the absence of such a provision, a call shall be deemed to have been made on the same date as that of the resolution of the Board of Directors making such calls.

**Length of Notice of call**

29. Not less than thirty day's notice of any call shall be given specifying the time and place of payment provided that before the time for payment of such call, the Directors may, by notice in writing to the members, extend the time for payment thereof

**Sum payable in fixed instalments to be deemed calls**

30. If by the terms of issue of any share or otherwise, any amount is made payable at any fixed times, or by instalments at fixed time, whether on account of the share or by way of premium, every such amount or instalment shall be payable as if it were a call duly made by the Directors, on which due notice had been given, and all the provisions herein contained in respect of calls shall relate and apply to such amount or instalment accordingly.

**When interest on call or instalment payable**

31. If the sum payable in respect of any call or, instalment be not paid on or before the day appointed for payment thereof, the holder for the time being of the share in respect of which the call shall have been made or the instalment shall fall due, shall pay interest for the same at the rate of 12 percent per annum, from the day appointed for the payment thereof to the time of the actual payment or at such lower rate as the Directors may determine. The Board of Directors shall also be at liberty to waive payment of that interest wholly or in part.

**Sums payable at fixed times to be treated as calls**

32. The provisions of these Articles as to payment of interest shall apply in the case of non-payment of any such sum which by the terms of issue of a share, become payable at a fixed time, whether on account of the amount of the share or by way of premium, as if the same had become payable by virtue of a call duly made and notified.

**Payment of call in advance**

33. The Board of Directors, may, if it thinks fit, receive from any member willing to advance all of or any part of the moneys uncalled and unpaid upon any shares held by him and upon all or any part of the moneys so advance may (until the same would, but for such advance become presently payable) pay interest at such rate as the Board of Directors may decide but shall not in respect of such advances confer a right to the dividend or participate in profits.

**Partial payment not to preclude forfeiture**

34. Neither a judgement nor a decree in favour of the Company for calls or other moneys due in respect of any share nor any part payment or satisfaction thereunder, nor the receipt by the Company of a portion of any money which shall from, time to time, be due from any member in respect of any share, either by way of principal or interest nor any indulgency granted by the Company in respect of the payment of any such money shall preclude the Company from thereafter proceeding to enforce a forfeiture of such shares as herein after provided.

**FORFEITURE OF SHARES****If call or instalment not paid, notice may be given**

35. If a member fails to pay any call or installment of a call on the day appointed for the payment not paid thereof, the Board of Directors may during such time as any part of such call or installment remains unpaid serve a notice on him requiring payment of so much of the call or installment as is unpaid, together with any interest, which may have accrued. The Board may accept in the name and for the benefit of the Company and upon such terms and conditions as may be agreed upon, the surrender of any share liable to forfeiture and so far as the law permits of any other share

**Evidence action by Company against shareholders**

36. On the trial or hearing of any action or suit brought by the Company against any shareholder or his representative to recover any debt or money claimed to be due to the Company in respect of his share, it shall be sufficient to prove that the name of the defendant is or was, when the claim arose, on the Register of shareholders of the Company as a holder, or one of the holders of the number of shares in respect of which such claim is made, and that the amount claimed is not entered as paid in the books of the Company

and it shall not be necessary to prove the appointment of the Directors who made any call nor that a quorum of Directors was present at the Board at which any call was made nor that the meeting at which any call was made was duly convened or constituted nor any other matter whatsoever; but the proof of the matters aforesaid shall be conclusive evidence of the debt.

**Form of Notice**

37. The notice shall name a further day (not earlier than the expiration of fourteen days from the date of service of the notice), on or before which the payment required by the notice is to be made, and shall state that, in the event of non-payment on or before the day appointed, the shares in respect of which the call was made will be liable to be forfeited.

**If notice not complied with, shares may be forfeited**

38. If the requirements of any such notice as, aforementioned are not complied with, any share in respect of which the notice has been given may at any time thereafter, before the payment required by the notice has been made, be forfeited by a resolution of the Board to that effect. Such forfeiture shall include all dividends declared in respect of the forfeited shares and not actually paid before the forfeiture.

**Notice after forfeiture**

39. When any share shall have been so forfeited, notice of the resolution shall be given to the member in whose name it stood immediately prior to the forfeiture and an entry of the forfeiture shall not be in any manner invalidated by any omission or neglect to give such notice or to make such entry as aforesaid.

**Boards' right to dispose of forfeited shares or cancellation of forfeiture**

40. A forfeited or surrendered share may be sold or otherwise disposed off on such terms and in such manner as the Board may think fit, and at any time before such a sale or disposal, the forfeiture may be cancelled on such terms as the Board may think fit.

**Liability after forfeiture**

41. A person whose shares have been forfeited shall cease to be a member in respect of the forfeited shares but shall, notwithstanding such forfeiture, remain liable to pay and shall forthwith pay the Company all moneys, which at the date of forfeiture is payable by him to the Company in respect of the share, whether such claim be barred by limitation on the date of the forfeiture or not, but his liability shall cease if and when the Company received payment in full of all such moneys due in respect of the shares.

**Effect of forfeiture**

42. The forfeiture of a share shall involve in the extinction of all interest in and also of all claims and demands against the Company in respect of the shares and all other rights incidental to the share, except only such of these rights as by these Articles are expressly saved.

**Evidence of forfeiture**

43. A duly verified declaration in writing that the declarant is a Director of the Company and that a share in the Company has been duly forfeited on a date stated in the declaration, shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the share, and that declaration and the receipt of the Company for the consideration, if any, given for the shares on the sale or disposal thereof, shall constitute a

good title to the share and the person to whom the share is sold or disposed of shall be registered as the holder of the share and shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money (if any) nor shall his title to the share be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings in reference to the forfeiture, sale or disposal of the share.

**Non-payment of sums payable at fixed times**

44. The provisions of these regulations as to forfeiture shall apply in the case of non-payment of any sum which by terms of issue of a share, becomes payable at a fixed time, whether, on account of the amount of the share or by way of premium or otherwise as if the same had been payable by virtue of a call duly made and notified.

**Validity of such sales**

45. Upon any sale after forfeiture or for enforcing a lien in purported exercise of the powers herein before given, the Directors may cause the purchaser's name to be entered in the register in respect of the shares sold and may issue fresh certificate in the name of such a purchaser. The purchaser shall not be bound to see to the regularity of the proceedings, nor to the application of the purchase money and after his name has been entered in the register in respect of such shares, the validity of the sale shall not be impeached by any person and the remedy of any person aggrieved by the sale shall be in damages only and against the Company exclusively.

**TRANSFER AND TRANSMISSION OF SHARES**

**Transfer**

46. a. The instrument of transfer of any share in the Company shall be executed both by the transferor and the transferee and the transferor shall be deemed to remain holder of the shares until the name of the transferee is entered in the register of members in respect thereof.
- b. The Board shall not register any transfer of shares unless a proper instrument of transfer duly stamped and executed by the transferor and the transferee has been delivered to the Company along with the certificate and such other evidence as the Company may require to prove the title of the transferor or his right to transfer the shares.

Provided that where it is proved to the satisfaction of the Board that an instrument of transfer signed by the transferor and the transferee has been lost, the Company may, if the Board thinks fit, on an application on such terms in writing made by the transferee and bearing the stamp required for an instrument of transfer, register the transfer on such terms as to indemnity as the Board may think fit.

- c. An application for the registration of the transfer of any share or shares may be made either by the transferor or the transferee, provided that where such application is made by the transferor, no registration shall, in the case of partly paid shares, be effected unless the Company gives notice of the application to the transferee. The Company shall, unless objection is made by the transferee within two weeks from the date of receipt of the notice, enter in the register the name of the transferee in the same manner and subject to the same conditions as if the application for registration was made by the transferee.
- d. For the purpose of Sub-clause (c), notice to the transferee shall be deemed to have been duly given if dispatched by prepaid registered

post to the transferee at the address given in the instrument of transfer and shall be delivered in the ordinary course of post.

- e. Nothing in Sub-clause (d) shall prejudice any power of the Board to register as a shareholder any person to whom the right to any share has been transmitted by operation of law.

**Form of transfer**

47. Shares in the Company shall be transferred by an instrument in writing in such common form as specified in Section 56 of the Companies Act.

**Board's right to refuse to register**

48. a. The Board, may, at its absolute discretion and without assigning any reason, decline to register
1. The transfer of any share, whether fully paid or not, to a person of whom it do not approve or
  2. Any transfer or transmission of shares on which the Company has a lien
    - a. Provided that registration of any transfer shall not be refused on the ground of the transferor being either alone or jointly with any other person or persons indebted to the Company on any account whatsoever except a lien on the shares.
    - b. If the Board refuses to register any transfer or transmission of right, it shall, within fifteen days from the date of which the instrument or transfer of the intimation of such transmission was delivered to the Company, send notice of the refusal to the transferee and the transferor or to the person giving intimation of such transmission as the case may be.
    - c. In case of such refusal by the Board, the decision of the Board shall be subject to the right of appeal conferred by Section 58.
    - d. The provisions of this clause shall apply to transfers of stock also.

**Further right of Board of Directors to refuse to register**

49. a. The Board may, at its discretion, decline to recognise or accept instrument of transfer of shares unless the instrument of transfer is in respect of only one class of shares.
- b. No fee shall be charged by the Company for registration of transfers or for effecting transmission on shares on the death of any member or for registering any letters of probate, letters of administration and similar other documents.

**Rights to shares on death of a member for transmission**

50. a. In the event of death of any one or more of several joint holders, the survivor, or survivors, alone shall be entitled to be recognised as having title to the shares.
- b. In the event of death of any sole holder or of the death of last surviving holder, the executors or administrators of such holder or other person

legally entitled to the shares shall be entitled to be recognised by the Company as having title to the shares of the deceased.

Provided that on production of such evidence as to title and on such indemnity or other terms as the Board may deem sufficient, any person may be recognised as having title to the shares as heir or legal representative of the deceased shareholder.

Provided further that if the deceased shareholder was a member of a Hindu Joint Family, the Board, on being satisfied to that effect and on being satisfied that the shares standing in his name in fact belonged to the joint family, may recognise the survivors of Karta thereof as having titles to the shares registered in the name of such member.

Provided further that in any case, it shall be lawful for the Board in its absolute discretion, to dispense with the production of probate or letters of administration or other legal representation upon such evidence and such terms as to indemnity or otherwise as the Board may deem just.

**Rights and liabilities of person**

51. 1. Any person becoming entitled to a share in consequence of the death or insolvency of a member may, upon such evidence being produced as may from time to time be required by the Board and subject as herein, after provided elect either.
- a. to be registered himself as a holder of the share or
  - b. to make such transfer of the share as the deceased or insolvent member could have made.
2. The Board, shall, in either case, have the same right to decline or suspend registration as it would have had, if the deceased or insolvent member had transferred the share before his death or insolvency.

**Notice by such a person of his election**

52. a. If the person so becoming entitled shall elect to be registered as holder of the shares himself, he shall deliver or send to the Company a notice in writing signed by him stating that he so elects.
- b. If the person aforesaid shall elect to transfer the share, he shall testify his election by executing a transfer of the share.
- c. All the limitations, restrictions and provisions of these regulations relating to the right to transfer and the registration of transfers of shares shall be applicable to any such notice or transfer as aforesaid as if the death or insolvency of the member had not occurred and the notice of transfer had been signed by that member.

**No transfer to infant, etc.**

53. No transfer shall be made to an infant or a person of unsound mind.

**Endorsement of transfer and issue of certificate**

54. Every endorsement upon the certificate of any share in favour of any transferee shall be signed by the Secretary or by some person for the time being duly authorised by the Board in that behalf.

**Custody of transfer**

55. The instrument of transfer shall, after registration, remain in the custody



of the Company. The Board may cause to be destroyed all transfer deeds lying with the Company for a period of ten years or more.

**Register of members**

56. a. The Company shall keep a book to be called the Register of Members, and therein shall be entered the particulars of every transfer or transmission of any share and all other particulars of shares required by the Act to be entered in such Register.

**Closure of Register of members**

- b. The Board may, after giving not less than seven days previous notice by advertisement in some newspapers circulating in the district in which the Registered Office of the Company is situated, close the Register of Members or the Register of Debenture Holders for any period or periods not exceeding in the aggregate forty-five days in each year but not exceeding thirty days at any one time.

**When instruments of transfer to be retained**

- c. All instruments of transfer which shall be registered shall be retained by the Company but any instrument of transfer which the Directors may decline to register shall be returned to the person depositing the same.

**Company's right to register transfer by apparent legal owner**

57. The Company shall incur no liability or responsibility whatever in consequence of their registering or giving effect to any transfer of shares made or purporting to be made by any apparent legal owner thereof (as shown or appearing in the Register of Members) to the prejudice of persons having or claiming any equitable right, title or interest to or in the same shares notwithstanding that the Company may have had notice of such equitable right or title or interest prohibiting registration of such transfer and may have entered such notice referred thereto in any book of the Company and the Company shall not be bound by or required to regard or attend to or give effect to any notice which may be given to it of any equitable right, title or interest or be under any liability whatsoever for refusing or neglecting so to do, though it may have been entered or referred to in the books of the Company; but the Company shall nevertheless be at liberty to have regard and to attend to any such notice and give effect thereto, if the Board shall so think fit.

**ALTERATION OF CAPITAL**

**Alteration and consolidation, sub-division and cancellation of shares**

58. a. The Company may, from time to time, in accordance with the provisions of the Act, alter by Ordinary Resolution, the conditions of the Memorandum of Association as follows:
1. increase its share capital by such amount as it thinks expedient by issuing new shares;
  2. consolidate and divide all or any of its share capital into shares of larger amount than its existing shares;
  3. convert all or any of its fully paid-up shares into stock, and reconvert that stock into fully paid-up shares of the denomination;
  4. sub-divide its shares, or any of them, into shares of smaller amount than is fixed by the Memorandum, so however, that in the sub-

division on the proportion between the amount paid and the amount, if any, unpaid, on each reduced share shall be the same as it was in the case of the shares from which the reduced share is derived.

5.
  - a. Cancel shares which, at the date of passing of the resolution in that behalf, have not been taken or agreed to be taken by any person, and diminish the amount of its share capital by the amount of the shares so cancelled.
  - b. The resolution whereby any share is sub-divided may determined that, as between the holder of the shares resulting from such sub-division, one or more such shares shall have some preference or special advantage as regards dividend, capital or otherwise over or as compared with the others.
6. Classify and reclassify its share capital from the shares on one class into shares of other class or classes and to attach thereto respectively such preferential, deferred, qualified or other special rights, privileges, conditions or restrictions and to vary, modify or abrogate any such rights, privileges, conditions or restrictions in such manner as may for the time being be permitted under legislative provisions for the time being in force in that behalf.

**Reduction of capital, etc. by Company**

59. The Company may, by Special Resolution, reduce in any manner with and subject to any incident authorised and consent as required by law:
  - a. its share capital;
  - b. any capital redemption reserve account; or
  - c. any share premium account.

**SURRENDER OF SHARES**

**Surrender of shares**

60. The Directors may, subject to the provisions of the Act, accept the surrender of any share by way of compromise of any question as to the holder being properly registered in respect thereof.

**Power of modify shares**

61. The rights and privileges attached to each class of shares may be modified, commuted, affected, abrogated in the manner provided in Section 48 of the Act.

**SET OFF OF MONEY DUE TO SHAREHOLDERS**

**Set-off of moneys due to shareholders**

62. Any money due from the Company to a shareholder may, without the consent of such shareholder, be applied by the Company in or towards payment of any money due from him, either alone or jointly with any other person, to the Company in respect of calls.

**CONVERSION OF SHARES INTO STOCK**

**Conversion of shares**

63. The Company may, by Ordinary Resolution, convert all or any fully paid share(s) of any denomination into stock and vice versa.

**Transfer of stock**

64. The holders of stock may transfer the same or any part thereof in the same manner as, and subject to the same regulations, under which, the shares from which the stock arose might before the conversion have been transferred, or as near thereto as circumstances admit; provided that the Board may, from time to time, fix the minimum amount of stock transferable, so, however, that such minimum shall not exceed the nominal amount of the shares from which the stock arose.

**Right of stockholders**

65. The holders of the stock shall, according to the amount of the stock held by them, have the same rights, privileges and advantages as regards dividends, voting at meetings of the Company and other matters, as if they held the shares from which the stock arose, but no such privilege or advantage (except participation in the dividends and profits of the Company and its assets on winding up) shall be conferred by an amount of stock which would not, if existing in shares, have conferred that privilege or advantage.

**Applicability of regulations to stock and stockholders**

66. Such of the regulations contained in these presents, other than those relating to share warrants as are applicable to paid-up shares shall apply to stock and the words shares and shareholder in these presents shall include stock and stockholder respectively.

**DEMATERIALISATION OF SECURITIES**

67. a) Definitions For the purpose of this Article : ‘Beneficial Owner’ means a person or persons whose name is recorded as such with a depository; ‘SEBI’ means the Securities and Exchange Board of India; ‘Depository’ means a company formed and registered under the Companies Act, 1956 or Companies Act, 2013, and which has been granted a certificate of registration to act as a depository under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992, and ‘Security’ means such security as may be specified by SEBI from time to time.
- b) Dematerialisation of securities : Notwithstanding anything contained in these Articles, the Company shall be entitled to dematerialise or rematerialise its securities and to offer securities in a dematerialised form pursuant to the Depositories Act, 1996 and the rules framed thereunder, if any.
- c) Options for investors : Every person subscribing to securities offered by the Company shall have the option to receive security certificates or to hold the securities with a depository. Such a person, who is the beneficial owner of the securities, can at any time opt out of a depository, if permitted by law, in respect of any security in the manner provided by the Depositories Act and the Company shall, in the manner and within the time prescribed, issue to the beneficial owner the required certificates of securities. If a person opts to hold his security with a depository, the Company shall intimate such depository the details of allotment of the security, and on receipt of the information, the depository shall enter in its record the name of the allottee as the beneficial owner of the security.
- d) Securities in depositories to be in fungible form : All securities held by a depository shall be dematerialised and be in fungible form. Nothing

contained in Sections 89 and 186 of the Act shall apply to a depository in respect of the securities held by it on behalf of the beneficial owners.

- e) Rights of depositories and beneficial owners:
- (i) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in the Act or these Articles, a depository shall be deemed to be the registered owner for the purposes of effecting transfer of ownership of security on behalf of the beneficial owner.
  - (ii) Save as otherwise provided in (a) above, the depository, as the registered owner of the securities, shall not have any voting rights or any other rights in respect of the securities held by it.
  - (iii) Every person holding securities of the Company and whose name is entered as the beneficial owner in the records of the depository shall be deemed to be a member of the Company. The beneficial owner of the securities shall be entitled to all the rights and benefits and be subject to all the liabilities in respect of his securities which are held by a depository.
- f) Service of documents Notwithstanding anything in the Act or these Articles to the contrary, where securities are held in a depository, the records of the beneficial ownership may be served by such depository on the Company by means of electronic mode or by delivery of floppies or discs.
- g) Transfer of securities Nothing contained in Section 56 of the Act or these Articles shall apply to transfer of securities effected by a transferor and transferee both of whom are entered as beneficial owners in the records of a depository.
- h) Allotment of securities dealt with in a depository Notwithstanding anything in the Act or these Articles, where securities are dealt with in a depository, the Company shall intimate the details thereof to the depository immediately on allotment of such securities.
- i) Distinctive numbers of securities held in a depository Nothing contained in the Act or these Articles regarding the necessity of having distinctive numbers of securities issued by the Company shall apply to securities held in a depository.
- j) Register and Index of Beneficial owners The Register and Index of Beneficial Owners, maintained by a depository under the Depositories Act, 1996, shall be deemed to be the Register and Index of Members and Security Holders for the purposes of these Articles.
- k) Company to recognise the rights of registered holders as also the beneficial owners in the records of the depository Save as herein otherwise provided, the Company shall be entitled to treat the person whose name appears on the Register of Members as the holder of any share, as also the beneficial owner of the shares in records of the depository as the absolute owner thereof as regards receipt of dividends or bonus or services of notices and all or any other matters connected with the Company, and accordingly, the Company shall not, except as ordered by a Court of competent jurisdiction or as by law required, be bound to recognise any benami trust or equity or equitable, contingent

or other claim to or interest in such share on the part of any other person, whether or not it shall have express or implied notice thereof.

## **GENERAL MEETINGS**

### **Annual General Meeting**

68. The Company shall in each year hold in addition to the other meetings a general meeting which shall be styled as its Annual General Meeting at intervals and in accordance with the provisions of Section 96 of the Act.

### **Extraordinary General Meeting**

69. 1. Extraordinary General Meetings may be held either at the Registered Office of the Company or at such convenient place as the Board or the Managing Director (subject to any directions of the Board) may deem fit.

### **Right to summon Extraordinary General Meeting**

2. The Chairman or Vice Chairman may, whenever they think fit, and shall if so directed by the Board, convene an Extraordinary General Meeting at such time and place as may be determined.

### **Extraordinary Meeting by requisition**

70. a. The Board shall, on the requisition of such number of members of the Company as is specified below, proceed duly to call an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company and comply with the provisions of the Act in regard to meetings on requisition.
- b. The requisition shall set out matters for the consideration of which the meeting is to be called, shall be signed by the requisitionists and shall be deposited at the Registered Office of the Company or sent to the Company by Registered Post addressed to the Company at its Registered Office.
- c. The requisition may consist of several documents in like forms, each signed by one or more requisitionists.
- d. The number of members entitled to requisition a meeting in regard to any matter shall be such number of them as hold, on the date of the deposit of the requisition, not less than 1/10th of such of the paid-up capital of the Company as at the date carries the right of the voting in regard to the matter set out in the requisition.
- e. If the Board does not, within 21 days from the date of receipt of deposit of the requisition with regard to any matter, proceed duly to call a meeting for the consideration of these matters on a date not later than 45 days from the date of deposit of the requisition, the meeting may be called by the requisitionists themselves or such of the requisitionists, as represent either majority in the value of the paid-up share capital held by them or of not less than one tenth of such paid-up capital of the Company as is referred to in Sub-clause (d) above, whichever is less.

### **Length of notice for calling meeting**

71. A General Meeting of the Company may be called by giving not less than twenty one days notice in writing, provided that a General Meeting may be called after giving shorter notice if consent thereto is accorded by the members holding not less than 95 per cent of the part of the paid-up share capital which gives the right to vote on the matters to be considered at the meeting. Provided that where any member of the Company is entitled to

vote only on some resolution or resolutions to be moved at a meeting and not on the others, those members, shall be taken into account for purpose of this clause in respect of the former resolution or resolutions and not in respect of the latter.

**Accidental omission to give notice not to invalidate meeting**

72. The accidental omission is to give notice of any meeting to or the non-receipt of any such notice by any of the members shall not invalidate the proceedings of any resolution passed at such meeting.

**Special business and statement to be annexed**

73. All business shall be deemed special that is transacted at an Extraordinary Meeting and also that is transacted at an Annual Meeting with the exception of declaration of a dividend, the consideration of financial statements and the reports of the Directors and Auditors thereon, the election of the Directors in the place of those retiring, and the appointment of and the fixing of the remuneration of Auditors. Where any item of business to be transacted at the meeting is deemed to be special as aforesaid, there shall be annexed to the notice of the meeting a statement setting out all material facts concerning each such item of business including in particular the nature of the concern or interest, if any, therein, of every Director and the Manager, if any, every other Key Managerial Personnel and the relatives of Directors, Manager and other Key Managerial Personnel. Where any item of business consists of the according of approval to any document by the meeting, the time and place where the document can be inspected shall be specified in the statement aforesaid.

Where any item of special business to be transacted at a meeting of the company relates to or affects any other company, the extent of shareholding interest in that other company of every promoter, director, manager, if any, and of every other key managerial personnel of the first mentioned company shall, if the extent of such shareholding is not less than two per cent of the paid-up share capital of that company, also be set out in the statement.

**Quorum**

74. The quorum requirements for general meetings shall be as under and no business shall be transacted at any General Meeting unless the requisite quorum is present when the meeting proceeds to business:

Number of members upto 1000 : 5 members personally present

Number of members 1000-5000 : 15 members personally present

Number of members more than 5000 : 30 members personally present

**If quorum not present, when meeting to be dissolved and when to be adjourned**

75. If within half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting, a quorum is not present, the meeting, if called upon the requisition of members, shall be dissolved; in any other case, it shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week and at the same time and place or to such other day and to be at such other time and place as the Board may determine and if at the adjourned meeting a quorum is not present within half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting, the members present shall be a quorum.

**Chairman of General Meeting**

76. The Chairman of the Board of Directors shall preside at every General Meeting of the Company and if he is not present within 15 minutes after

the time appointed for holding the meeting, or if he is unwilling to act as Chairman, the Vice Chairman of the Board of Directors shall preside over the General Meeting of the Company.

**When Chairman is absent**

77. If there is no such Chairman, or Vice Chairman or if at any General Meeting, either the Chairman or Vice Chairman is not present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting or if they are unwilling to take the chair, the members present shall choose one of their members to be the Chairman.

**Adjournment of meeting**

78. The Chairman may, with the consent of any meeting at which a quorum is present and shall, if so directed by the meeting, adjourn that meeting from time to time from place to place, but no business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place. When a meeting is adjourned for thirty days or more, notice of the adjourned meeting shall be given as in the case of an original meeting. Save as aforesaid, it shall not be necessary to give any notice of adjournment or of the business to be transacted at an adjourned meeting.

**Questions at General Meeting how decided**

79. At a General Meeting, a resolution put to the vote of the meeting shall be decided on a show of hands/result of electronic voting as per the provisions of Section 108, unless a poll is (before or on the declaration of the result of the show of hands/ electronic voting) demanded in accordance with the provisions of Section 109. Unless a poll is so demanded, a declaration by the Chairman that a resolution has, on a show of hands/ electronic voting, been carried unanimously or by a particular majority or lost and an entry to that effect in the book of the proceedings of the Company shall be conclusive evidence of the fact without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded in favour of or against that resolution.

**Casting vote**

80. In the case of an equality of votes, the Chairman shall, whether on a show of hands, or electronically or on a poll, as the case may be, have a casting vote in addition to the vote or votes to which he may be entitled as a member.

**Taking of poll**

81. If a poll is duly demanded in accordance with the provisions of Section 109, it shall be taken in such manner as the Chairman, subject to the provisions of Section 109 of the Act, may direct, and the results of the poll shall be deemed to be the decision of the meeting on the resolution on which the poll was taken.

**In what cases poll taken without adjournment**

82. A poll demanded on the election of Chairman or on a question of adjournment shall be taken forthwith. Where a poll is demanded on any other question, adjournment shall be taken at such time not being later than forty-eight hours from the time which demand was made, as the Chairman may direct.

**Votes**

83. a. Every member of the Company holding Equity Share(s), shall have a right to vote in respect of such capital on every resolution placed before

the Company. On a show of hands, every such member present shall have one vote and shall be entitled to vote in person or by proxy and his voting right on a poll or on e-voting shall be in proportion to his share of the paid-up Equity Capital of the Company.

- b. Every member holding any Preference Share shall in respect of such shares have a right to vote only on resolutions which directly affect the rights attached to the Preference Shares and subject as aforesaid, every such member shall in respect of such capital be entitled to vote in person or by proxy, if the dividend due on such preference shares or any part of such dividend has remained unpaid in respect of an aggregate period of not less than two years preceding the date of the meeting. Such dividend shall be deemed to be due on Preference Shares in respect of any period, whether a dividend has been declared by the Company for such period or not, on the day immediately following such period.c. Whenever the holder of a Preference Share has a right to vote on any resolution in accordance with the provisions of this article, his voting rights on a poll shall be in the same proportion as the capital paid-up in respect of such Preference Shares bear to the total equity paid-up capital of the Company.

**Business may proceed notwithstanding demand for poll**

84. A demand for a poll shall not prevent the continuance of a meeting for the transaction of any business other than that on which a poll has been demanded; The demand for a poll may be withdrawn at any time by the person or persons who made the demand.

**Joint holders**

85. In the case of joint holders, the vote of the first named of such joint holders who tender a vote, whether in person or by proxy, shall be accepted to the exclusion of the votes of the other joint holders.

**Member of unsound mind**

86. A member of unsound mind, or in respect of whom an order has been made by any Court having jurisdiction in lunacy, may vote, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, by his committee or other legal guardian, and any such committee or guardian may, on a poll vote by proxy.

**No member entitled to vote while call due to Company**

87. No member shall be entitled to vote at a General Meeting unless all calls or other sums presently payable by him in respect of shares in the Company have been paid.

**Proxies permitted on polls**

88. On a poll, votes may be given either personally or by proxy provided that no Company shall vote by proxy as long as resolution of its Directors in accordance with provisions of Section 113 is in force.

**Instrument of proxy**

89. a. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be in writing under the hand of the appointed or of the attorney duly authorised in writing, or if the appointer is a Corporation, either under the common seal or under the hand of an officer or attorney so authorised. Any person may act as a proxy whether he is a member or not.
- b. A body corporate (whether a company within the meaning of this Act or not) may:



1. If it is a member of the Company by resolution of its Board of Directors or other governing body, authorize such persons as it thinks fit to act as its representatives at any meeting of the Company, or at any meeting of any class of members of the Company;
  2. If it is a creditor (including a holder of debentures) of the Company, by resolution of its Directors or other governing body, authorise such person as it thinks fit to act as its representative at any meeting of any creditors of the Company held in pursuance of this Act or of any rules made thereunder, or in pursuance of the provisions contained in any debenture or trust deed, as the case may be.
- c. A person authorised by resolution as aforesaid shall be entitled to exercise the same rights and powers (including the right to vote by proxy) on behalf of the body corporate which he represents, as if he were personally the member, creditor or debenture holder.

**Instrument of proxy to be deposited at the office**

90. The instrument appointing a proxy and the power of attorney or other authority, if any, under which it is signed or a notary certified copy of that power of authority shall be deposited at the Registered Office of the Company not less than forty-eight hours before the time for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the person named in the instrument proposed to vote, and in default, the instrument of proxy shall not be treated as valid.

**Validity of vote by proxy**

91. A vote given in accordance with the terms of an instrument of proxy shall be valid notwithstanding the previous death of the appointer, or revocation of the proxy, or transfer of the share in respect of which the vote is given provided no intimation in writing of the death, revocation or transfer shall have been received at the Registered Office of the Company before the commencement of the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the proxy is used.

**Form of proxy**

92. Any instrument appointing a proxy may be a two way proxy form to enable the shareholders to vote for or against any resolution at their discretion. The instrument of proxy shall be in the prescribed form as given in Form MGT- 11.

**DIRECTORS**

**Number of Directors**

93. a. Unless otherwise determined by a General Meeting, the number of Directors shall not be less than 3 and not more than 15.
- b. The first Directors of the Company are:
1. SRI BIJAY SINGH SURANA
  2. Sri SUMER MAL KATHOTIA
  3. Smt. KAMALA KUMARI SURANA
  4. Sri SHANTI KUMAR SURANA
  5. SRI SAROJ KUMAR SURANA

**Qualification of Directors**

94. Subject to the provisions of the Act as may be applicable, the Board may appoint any person as a Managing Director to perform such functions as the Board may decide from time to time. Such Director shall be a Member of the Board.

**Qualification of Directors**

95. Any person, whether a member of the Company or not, may be appointed as a Director. No qualification by way of holding shares in the capital of the Company shall be required of any Director.

**Director's remuneration**

96. a. Until otherwise determined by the Company in General Meeting, each Director shall be entitled to receive and be paid out of the funds of the Company a fee for each meeting of the Board of Directors or any committee thereof, attended by him as may be fixed by the Board of Directors from time to time subject to the provisions of Section 197 of the Act, and the Rules made thereunder. For the purpose of any resolution in this regard, none of the Directors shall be deemed to be interested in the subject matter of the resolution. The Directors shall also be entitled to be paid their reasonable travelling and hotel and other expenses incurred in consequence of their attendance at meetings of the Board or of any committee of the Board or otherwise in the execution of their duties as Directors either in India or elsewhere. The Managing/ Whole-time Director of the Company who is a full time employee, drawing remuneration will not be paid any fee for attending Board Meetings.
- b. Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Directors may, with the sanction of a Special Resolution passed in the General Meeting and such sanction, if any, of the Government of India as may be required under the Companies Act, sanction and pay to any or all the Directors such remuneration for their services as Directors or otherwise and for such period and on such terms as they may deem fit.
- c. The remuneration to Directors, in so far as it consists of monthly payment, shall be deemed to accrue from day to day.
- d. Subject to the provisions of the Act, a Director, who is neither in the Whole time employment nor a managing Director may be paid remuneration either by way of monthly, quarterly or annual payments or by way of commission, if the Company, by a special resolution, authorizes such payment.
- e. The remuneration payable to directors, including managing Directors or Whole time Director or manager, if any, shall be determined in accordance with and subject to the provisions of the Act, passed by the Company in general meeting or in such other manner permitted under the Act,
- f. The Board may also appoint one or more whole time director to look after the carrying of the day to day business operation of the company and their remuneration shall also be fixed by the Board, subject to the provisions of the Act, 2013
- g. The sitting fees payable to any category of Directors for attending a meeting of the Board Directors or any committee thereof, shall be not

more than the amount prescribed by the Act or determined by the board or such other sum as the company in general meeting may from time to time determine

- h. Subject to the provisions of Section 188 of the Companies Act, and subject to such sanction of the Government of India, as may be required under the Companies Act, if any Director shall be appointed to advise the Directors as an expert or be called upon to perform extra services or make special exertions for any of the purposes of the Company, the Directors may pay to such Director such special remuneration as they think fit; such remuneration may be in the form of either salary, commission, or lump sum and may either be in addition to or in substitution of the remuneration specified in clause (a) of the Article.

**Directors may act notwithstanding vacancy**

97. The continuing Directors may act notwithstanding any vacancy in their body, but subject to the provisions contained in Article 119 below:

**Chairman or Vice- chairman of the Board**

98. a. Notwithstanding anything contained in these Articles and pursuant to provisions of the Act, the Chairman of the Company will act as Chairman of the Board.
- b. Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Chairman and the Vice Chairman may be paid such remuneration for their services as Chairman and Vice Chairman respectively, and such reasonable expenses including expenses connected with travel, secretarial service and entertainment, as may be decided by the Board of Directors from time to time.

**Casual vacancy**

99. If the office of any Director becomes vacant before the expiry of the period of his Directorship in normal course, the resulting casual vacancy may be filled by the Board at a Meeting of the Board subject to Section 161 of the Act. Any person so appointed shall hold office only upto the date which the Director in whose place he is appointed would have held office if the vacancy had not occurred as aforesaid.

**VACATION OF OFFICE BY DIRECTORS**

**Vacation of office by Directors**

100. The office of a Director shall be vacated if:
1. he is found to be unsound mind by a Court of competent jurisdiction;
  2. he applies to be adjudicated as an insolvent;
  3. he is an undischarged insolvent;
  4. he is convicted by a Court of any offence whether involving moral turpitude or otherwise and is sentenced in respect thereof to imprisonment for not less than six months and a period of five years has not elapsed from the date of expiry of the sentence;
  5. he fails to pay any call in respect of shares of the Company held by him, whether alone or jointly with others, within six months from the last date fixed for the payment of the call;
  6. an order disqualifying him for appointment as Director has been passed by court or tribunal and the order is in force.

7. he has not complied with Subsection (3) of Section 152
8. he has been convicted of the offence dealing with related party transaction under section 188 at any time during the preceding five years.
9. he absents himself from all meetings of the Board for a continuous period of twelve months, with or without seeking leave of absence from the Board;
10. he acts in contravention of Section 184 of the Act and fails to disclose his interest in a contract in contravention of section 184.
11. he becomes disqualified by an order of a court or the Tribunal
12. he is removed in pursuance of the provisions of the Act,
13. having been appointed a Director by virtue of holding any office or other employment in the Company, he ceases to hold such office or other employment in the Company;

notwithstanding anything in Clause (4), (6) and (8) aforesaid, the disqualification referred to in those clauses shall not take effect:

1. for thirty days from the date of the adjudication, sentence or order;
2. where any appeal or petition is preferred within the thirty days aforesaid against the adjudication, sentence or conviction resulting in the sentence or order until the expiry of seven days from the date on which such appeal or petition is disposed off; or
3. Where within the seven days as aforesaid, any further appeal or petition is preferred in respect of the adjudication, sentence, conviction or order, and appeal or petition, if allowed, would result in the removal of the disqualification, until such further appeal or petition is disposed off.

**Alternate Directors**

101. (a) The Board may appoint an Alternate Director to act for a Director hereinafter called in this clause the Original Director during his absence for a period of not less than 3 months from India.
- (b) An Alternate Director appointed as aforesaid shall vacate office if and when the Original Director returns to India.

**Independent Directors**

- (c) (i) The Directors may appoint such number of Independent Directors as are required under Section 149 of the Companies Act, 2013 or clause 49 of Listing Agreement, whichever is higher, from time to time.
- (ii) Independent directors shall possess such qualification as required under Section 149 of the companies Act, 2013 and clause 49 of Listing Agreement
- (iii) Independent Director shall be appointed for such period as prescribed under relevant provisions of the companies Act, 2013 and Listing Agreement and shall not be liable to retire by rotation.

**Women Director**

- (d) The Directors shall appoint one women director as per the requirements of section 149 of the Act.

**Key Managerial Personnel**

- (e) Subject to the provisions of the Act,—
- (i) Directors, Manager, Company Secretary & Chief financial officer may be appointed by the Board for such term, at such remuneration and upon such conditions as it may think fit; and any chief executive officer, manager, company secretary or chief financial officer so appointed may be removed by means of a resolution of the Board;
  - (ii) A director may be appointed as chief executive officer, manager, company secretary or chief financial officer.

**Additional Directors**

102. The Directors may, from time to time, appoint a person as an Additional Director provided that the number of Directors and Additional Directors together shall not exceed the maximum number of Directors fixed under Article 93 above. Any person so appointed as an Additional Director shall hold office upto the date of the next Annual General Meeting of the Company.

**Proportion of retirement by rotation**

- a. The proportion of directors to retire by rotation shall be as per the provisions of Section 152 of the Act.

**Debenture**

103. Any trust deed for securing debentures or debenture-stocks may, if so arranged, provide for the appointment, from time to time, by the Trustees thereof or by the holders of debentures or debenture-stocks, of some person to be a Director of the Company and may empower such Trustees, holder of debentures or debenture-stocks, from time to time, to remove and re-appoint any Director so appointed. The Director appointed under this Article is herein referred to as Debenture Director and the term "Debenture Director" means the Director for the time being in office under this Article. The Debenture Director shall not be bound to hold any qualification shares and shall not be liable to retire by rotation or be removed by the Company. The Trust Deed may contain such ancillary provisions as may be arranged between the Company and the Trustees and all such provisions shall have effect notwithstanding any other provisions herein contained.

**Corporation/Nominee Director**

104. a. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in the Articles, so long as any moneys remain owing by the Company to any finance corporation or credit corporation or body, (herein after in this Article referred to as "The Corporation") out of any loans granted by them to the Company or as long as any liability of the Company arising out of any guarantee furnished by the Corporation, on behalf of the Company remains defaulted, or the Company fails to meet its obligations to pay interest and/or instalments, the Corporation shall have right to appoint from time to time any person or persons as a Director or Directors (which Director or Directors is/are hereinafter referred to as "Nominee Director(s)") on the Board of the Company and to remove from such office any person so appointed, any person or persons in his or their place(s).
- b. The Board of Directors of the Company shall have no power to remove from office the Nominee Director/s as long as such default continues.

Such Nominee Director/s shall not be required to hold any share qualification in the Company, and such Nominee Director/s shall not be liable to retirement by rotation of Directors. Subject as aforesaid, the Nominee Director/s shall be entitled to the same rights and privileges and be subject to the same obligations as any other Director of the Company. The Nominee Director/s appointed shall hold the said office as long as any moneys remain owing by the Company to the Corporation or the liability of the Company arising out of the guarantee is outstanding and the Nominee Director/s so appointed in exercise of the said power shall ipso facto vacate such office immediately the moneys owing by the Company to the Corporation are paid off or on the satisfaction of the liability of the Company arising out of the guarantee furnished by the Corporation. The Nominee Director/s appointed under this Article shall be entitled to receive all notices of and attend all General Meetings, and of the Meeting of the Committee of which the Nominee Director/s is/are member/s. The Corporation shall also be entitled to receive all such notices. The Company shall pay to the Nominee Director/s sitting fees and expenses to which the other Director/s of the Company are entitled, but if any other fee, commission, monies or remuneration in any form is payable to the Director/s of the Company, the fee, commission, monies and remuneration in relation to such Nominee Director/s shall accrue to the Corporation and the same shall accordingly be paid by the Company directly to the Corporation. Any expenses that may be incurred by the Corporation or such Nominee Director/s in connection with their appointment to Directorship shall also be paid or reimbursed by the Company to the Corporation or, as the case may be, to such Nominee Director/s. Provided that if any such Nominee Director/s is an officer of the Corporation, the sitting fees, in relation to such Nominee Director/s shall so accrue to the Corporation and the same shall accordingly be paid by the Company directly to the Corporation. c. The Corporation may at any time and from time to time remove any such Corporation Director appointed by it and may at the time of such removal and also in the case of death or resignation of the person so appointed, at any time appoint any other person as a Corporation Director in his place. Such appointment or removal shall be made in writing signed by the Chairman or Joint Chairman of the Corporation or any person and shall be delivered to the Company at its Registered office. It is clarified that every Corporation entitled to appoint a Director under this Article may appoint such number of persons as Directors as may be authorised by the Directors of the Company, subject to Section 152 of the Act and so that the number does not exceed 1/3 of the maximum fixed under Article 93.

**Disclosure of interest of Directors**

105. a. Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Directors shall not be disqualified by reason of their office as such from contracting with the Company either as vendor, purchaser, lender, agent, broker, or otherwise, nor shall any such contract or any contract or arrangement entered into by or on behalf of the Company with any Director or with any company or partnership of or in which any Director shall be a member or otherwise interested be avoided nor shall any Director so contracting or being such member or so interested be liable to account to the Company for any profit realised by such contract or arrangement by reason only of such Director holding that office or of the fiduciary relation thereby

established but the nature of the interest must be disclosed by the Director at the meeting of the Board at which the contract or arrangements is determined or if the interest then exists in any other case, at the first meeting of the Board after the acquisition of the interest. Provided nevertheless that no Director shall vote as a Director in respect of any contract or arrangement in which he is so interested as aforesaid or take part in the proceedings thereat and he shall not be counted for the purpose of ascertaining whether there is quorum of Directors present. This provision shall not apply to any contract by or on behalf of the Company to indemnify the Directors or any of them against any loss they may suffer by becoming or being sureties for the Company.

- b. A Director may be or become a Director of any company promoted by this Company or in which this Company may be interested as vendor, shareholder or otherwise and no such Director shall be accountable to the Company for any benefits received as a Director or member of such company.

#### **Rights of Directors**

106. Except as otherwise provided by these Articles and subject to the provisions of the Act, all the Directors of the Company shall have in all matters equal rights and privileges, and be subject to equal obligations and duties in respect of the affairs of the Company.

#### **Directors to comply with Section 184**

107. Notwithstanding anything contained in these presents, any Director contracting with the Company shall comply with the provisions of Section 184 of the Companies Act, 2013.

#### **Directors power of contract with Company**

108. Subject to the limitations prescribed in the Companies Act, 2013, the Directors shall be entitled to contract with the Company and no Director shall be disqualified by having contracted with the Company as aforesaid.

### **ROTATION OF DIRECTORS**

#### **Rotation and retirement of Directors**

109. At every annual meeting, one-third of the Directors shall retire by rotation in accordance with provisions of Section 152 of the Act.

#### **Retiring Directors eligible for re-election**

110. A retiring Director shall be eligible for re-election and the Company at the General Meeting at which a Director retires in the manner aforesaid may fill up vacated office by electing a person thereto.

111. The Directors to retire in every year shall be those who have been longest in office since their last election, but as between persons who become Directors on the same day, those to retire shall, unless they otherwise agree among themselves, be determined by lot.

#### **Retiring Directors to remain in office till successors are appointed**

112. Subject to Section 152 of the Act, if at any meeting at which an election of Directors ought to take place, the place of the vacating or deceased Directors is not filled up and the meeting has not expressly resolved not to fill up or appoint the vacancy, the meeting shall stand adjourned till the same day in the next week at the same time and place, or if that day is a national

holiday, till the next succeeding day which is not a holiday at the same time, place, and if at the adjourned meeting the place of vacating Directors is not filled up and the meeting has also not expressly resolved not to fill up the vacancy, then the vacating Directors or such of them as have not had their places filled up shall be deemed to have been reappointed at the adjourned meeting.

**Power of General Meeting to increase or reduce number of Directors**

113. Subject to the provisions of Sections 149, 151 and 152 the Company in General Meeting may increase or reduce the number of Directors subject to the limits set out in Article 93 and may also determine in what rotation the increased or reduced number is to retire.

**Power to remove Directors by ordinary resolution**

114. Subject to provisions of Section 169 the Company, by Ordinary Resolution, may at any time remove any Director except Government Directors before the expiry of his period of office, and may by Ordinary Resolution appoint another person in his place. The person so appointed shall hold office until the date upto which his predecessor would have held office if he had not been removed as aforementioned. A Director so removed from office shall not be re-appointed as a Director by the Board of Directors. Special Notice shall be required of any resolution to remove a Director under this Article, or to appoint somebody instead of the Director at the meeting at which he is removed.

**Rights of persons other than retiring Directors to stand for Directorships**

115. Subject to the provisions of Section 160 of the Act, a person not being a retiring Director shall be eligible for appointment to the office of a Director at any general meeting if he or some other member intending to propose him as a Director has not less than fourteen days before the meeting, left at the office of the Company a notice in writing under his hand signifying his candidature for the office of the Director, or the intention of such member to propose him as a candidate for that office, as the case may be along with a deposit of such sum as may be prescribed by the Act or the Central Government from time to time which shall be refunded to such person or as the case may be, to such member, if the person succeeds in getting elected as a Director or gets more than 25% of total valid votes cast either on show of hands or electronically or on poll on such resolution .

**Register of Directors and KMP and their shareholding**

116. The Company shall keep at its Registered Office a register containing the addresses and occupation and the other particulars as required by Section 170 of the Act of its Directors and Key Managerial Personnel and shall send to the Registrar of Companies returns as required by the Act.

**Business to be carried on**

117. The business of the Company shall be carried on by the Board of Directors.

**Meeting of the Board**

118. The Board may meet for the despatch of business, adjourn and otherwise regulate its meetings, as it thinks fit, provided that a meeting of the Board shall be held at least once in every one hundred and twenty days; and at least four such meetings shall be held in every year.

**Director may summon meeting**

119. A Director may at any time request the Secretary to convene a meeting of



the Directors and seven days notice of meeting of directors shall be given to every director and such notice shall be sent by hand delivery or by post or by electronic means.

**Question how decided**

120. a. Save as otherwise expressly provided in the Act, a meeting of the Directors for the time being at which a quorum is present shall be competent to exercise all or any of the authorities, powers and discretions by or under the regulations of the Company for the time being vested in or exercisable by the Directors generally and all questions arising at any meeting of the Board shall be decided by a majority of the Board.
- b. In case of an equality of votes, the Chairman shall have a second or casting vote in addition to his vote as a Director.

**Right of continuing Directors when there is no quorum**

121. The continuing Directors may act notwithstanding any vacancy in the Board, but if and as long as their number is reduced below three, the continuing Directors or Director may act for the purpose of increasing the number of Directors to three or for summoning a General Meeting of the Company and for no other purpose.

**Quorum**

122. The quorum for a meeting of the Board shall be one third of its total strength (any fraction contained in that one-third being rounded off as one) or two Directors whichever is higher; provided that where at any time the number of interested Directors is equal to or exceeds two-thirds of the total strength, the number of the remaining Directors, that is to say, the number of Directors who are not interested present at the meeting being not less than two shall be the quorum during such time. The total strength of the Board shall mean the number of Directors actually holding office as Directors on the date of the resolution or meeting, that is to say, the total strength of the Board after deducting therefrom the number of Directors, if any, whose places are vacant at the time.

**Election of Chairman to the Board**

123. If no person has been appointed as Chairperson or Vice Chairperson under Article 98(a) or if at any meeting, the Chairman or Vice Chairman of the Board is not present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, the Directors present may choose one of their members to be the Chairman of the meeting.

**Power to appoint Committees and to delegate**

124. a. The Board may, from time to time, and at any time and in compliance with provisions of the act and listing agreement constitute one or more Committees of the Board consisting of such member or members of its body, as the Board may think fit.

**Delegation of powers**

- b. Subject to the provisions of Section 179 the Board may delegate from time to time and at any time to any Committee so appointed all or any of the powers, authorities and discretions for the time being vested in the Board and such delegation may be made on such terms and subject to such conditions as the Board may think fit and subject to provisions of the act and listing agreement.

- c. The Board may from, time to time, revoke, add to or vary any powers, authorities and discretions so delegated subject to provisions of the act and listing agreement.

**Proceedings of Committee**

125. The meeting and proceedings of any such Committee consisting of two or more members shall be governed by the provisions herein contained for regulating the meetings and proceedings of the Directors so far as the same are applicable thereto, and not superseded by any regulations made by the Directors under the last proceeding Article.

**Election of Chairman of the Committee**

126. a. The Chairman or the Vice Chairperson shall be the Chairperson of its meetings, if either is not available or if at any meeting either is not present within five minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, the members present may choose one of their number to be Chairperson of the meeting.
- b. The quorum of a Committee may be fixed by the Board and until so fixed, if the Committee is of a single member or two members, the quorum shall be one and if more than two members, it shall be two.

**Question how determined**

127. a. A Committee may meet and adjourn as it thinks proper.
- b. Questions arising at any meeting of a Committee shall be determined by the sole member of the Committee or by a majority of votes of the members present as the case may be and in case of an equality of votes, the Chairperson shall have a second or casting vote in addition to his vote as a member of the Committee.

**Acts done by Board or Committee valid, notwithstanding defective appointment, etc.**

128. All acts done by any meeting of the Board or a Committee thereof, or by any person acting as a Director shall, notwithstanding that it may be afterwards discovered that there was some defect in the appointment of any one or more of such Directors or any person acting as aforesaid, or that any of them was disqualified, be and valid as if every such Director and such person had been duly appointed and was qualified to be a Director.

**Resolution by circulation**

129. Save as otherwise expressly provided in the Act, a resolution in writing circulated in draft together with necessary papers, if any, to all the members of the Board Committee then in India (not being less in number than the quorum fixed for the meeting of the Board or the Committee as the case may) and to all other Directors or members at their usual address in India or by a majority of such of them as are entitled to vote on the resolution shall be valid and effectual as if it had been a resolution duly passed at a meeting of the Board or Committee duly convened and held.

**POWERS AND DUTIES OF DIRECTORS**

**General powers of Company vested in Directors**

130. The business of the Company shall be managed by the Board of Directors who may exercise all such powers of the Company as are not, by the act or any statutory modification thereof for the time being in force, or by these Articles, required to be exercised by the Company in General Meeting, subject nevertheless to any regulation of these Articles, to the provisions of

the said Act, and to such regulations being not inconsistent with the aforesaid regulations or provisions as may be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting; but no regulation made by the Company in General Meeting, shall invalidate any prior act of the Directors which would have been valid if that regulation had not been made.

**Attorney of the Company**

131. The Board may appoint at any time and from time to time by a power of attorney under the Company's seal, any person to be the Attorney of the Company for such purposes and with such powers, authorities and discretions not exceeding those vested in or exercisable by the Board under these Articles and for such period and subject to such conditions as the Board may from time to time think fit and any such appointment, may, if the Board thinks fit, be made in favour of the members, or any of the members of any firm or company, or the members, Directors, nominees or managers of any firm or company or otherwise in favour of any body or persons whether nominated directly or indirectly by the Board and any such power of attorney may contain such provisions for the protection or convenience of persons dealing with such attorney as the Board may think fit.

**Power to authorise sub delegation**

132. The Board may authorise any such attorney as aforesaid to sub-delegate all or any of the powers and authorities for the time being vested in him.

**Directors' duty to comply with the provisions of the Act**

133. The Board shall duly comply with the provisions of the Act and in particular with the provisions in regard to the registration of the particulars of mortgages and charges affecting the property of the Company or created by it, and keep a register of the Directors, and send to the Registrar an annual list of members and a summary of particulars relating thereto, and notice of any consolidation or increase of share capital and copies of special resolutions, and such other resolutions and agreements required to be filed under Section 117 of the Act and a copy of the Register of Directors and notifications of any change therein.

**Special power of Directors**

134. In furtherance of and without prejudice to the general powers conferred by or implied in Article 130 and other powers conferred by these Articles, and subject to the provisions of Sections 179 and 180 of the Act, that may become applicable, it is hereby expressly declared that it shall be lawful for the Directors to carry out all or any of the objects set forth in the Memorandum of Association and to the following things.

**To acquire and dispose of property and rights**

135. a. To purchase or otherwise acquire for the Company any property, rights or privileges which the Company is authorised to acquire at such price and generally on such terms and conditions as they think fit and to sell, let, exchange, or otherwise dispose of the property, privileges and undertakings of the Company upon such terms and conditions and for such consideration as they may think fit.

**To pay for property in debentures, etc.**

b. At their discretion to pay for any property, rights and privileges acquired by or services rendered to the Company, either wholly or partially, in cash or in shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of the Company and any such shares may be issued either as fully paid-up or with such

amount credited as paid-up, the sum as may be either specifically charged upon all or any part of the property of the Company and its uncalled capital or not so charged.

**To secure contracts by mortgages**

- c. To secure the fulfillment of any contracts or agreements entered into by the Company by mortgage or charge of all or any of the property of the Company and its uncalled capital for the time being or in such other manner as they think fit.

**To appoint officers, etc.**

- d. To appoint and at their discretion remove, or suspend such agents, secretaries, officers, clerks and servants of permanent, temporary or special services as they may from time to time think fit and to determine their powers and duties and fix their powers and duties and fix their salaries or emoluments and to the required security in such instances and to such amount as they think fit.
- e. To institute, conduct, defend, compound or abandon any legal proceedings by or against the Company or its officers or otherwise concerning the affairs of the Company and also to compound and allow time for payments or satisfaction of any dues and of any claims or demands by or against the Company.

**To refer to arbitration**

- f. To refer to, any claims or demands by or against the Company to arbitration and observe and perform the awards.

**To give receipt**

- g. To make and give receipts, releases and other discharges for money payable to the Company and of the claims and demands of the Company.

**To act in matters of Bankrupts and insolvents**

- h. To act on behalf of the Company in all matters relating to bankrupts and insolvents.

**To give security by way of indemnity**

- i. To execute in the name and on behalf of the Company in favour of any Director or other person who may incur or be about to incur any personal liability for the benefit of the Company such mortgages of the Company's property (present and future) as they think fit and any such mortgage may contain a power of sale and such other powers, covenants and provisions as shall be agreed upon.

**To give commission**

- j. To give any person employed by the Company a commission on the profits of any particular business or transaction or a share in the general profits of the Company.

**To make contracts etc.**

- k. To enter into all such negotiations and contracts and rescind and vary all such contracts and execute and do all such acts, deeds and things in the name and on behalf of the Company as they consider expedient for or in relation to any of the matters aforesaid or otherwise for the purposes of the Company.

**To make bye-laws**

1. From time to time, make, vary and repeal bye-laws for the regulations of the business for the Company, its officers and servants.

**To set aside profits for provided fund**

- m. Before recommending any dividends, to set-aside portions of the profits of the Company to form a fund to provide for such pensions, gratuities or compensations; or to create any provident fund or benefit fund in such or any other manner as the Directors may deem fit.

**To make and alter rules**

- n. To make and alter rules and regulations concerning the time and manner of payments of the contributions of the employees and the Company respectively to any such fund and accrual, employment, suspension and forfeiture of the benefits of the said fund and the application and disposal thereof and otherwise in relation to the working and management of the said fund as the Directors shall from time to time think fit.
- o. And generally, at their absolute discretion, to do and perform every act and thing which they may consider necessary or expedient for the purpose of carrying on the business of the Company, excepting such acts and things as by Memorandum of Association of the Company or by these presents may stand prohibited.

**Managing Director**

136. a. Subject to the provisions of Section 196 ,197, 2(94), 203 of the Act, the following provisions shall apply:
  - b. The Board of Directors may appoint or re-appoint one or more of their body, not exceeding two, to be the Managing Director or Managing Directors of the Company for such period not exceeding 5 years as it may deem fit, subject to such approval of the Central Government as may be necessary in that behalf.
  - c. The remuneration payable to a Managing Director shall be determined by the Board of Directors subject to the sanction of the Company in General Meeting and of the Central Government, if required.
  - d. If at any time there are more than one Managing Director, each of the said Managing Directors may exercise individually all the powers and perform all the duties that a single Managing Director may be empowered to exercise or required to perform under the Companies Act or by these presents or by any Resolution of the Board of Directors and subject also to such restrictions or conditions as the Board may from time to time impose.
  - e. The Board of Directors may at any time and from time to time designate any Managing Director as Deputy Managing Director or Joint Managing Director or by such other designation as it deems fit.
  - f. Subject to the supervision, control and directions of the Board of Directors, the Managing Director/Managing Directors shall have the management of the whole of the business of the Company and of all its affairs and shall exercise all powers and perform all duties and in relation to the management of the affairs, except such powers and such duties as are required by Law or by these presents to be exercised or

done by the Company in General Meeting or by the Board and also subject to such conditions and restrictions imposed by the Act or by these presents or by the Board of Directors. Without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing, the Managing Director/ Managing Directors shall exercise all powers set out in Article 137 above except those which are by law or by these presents or by any resolution of the Board required to be exercised by the Board or by the Company in General Meeting.

#### **Whole-time Director**

137. 1. Subject to the provisions of the Act and subject to the approval of the Central Government, if any, required in that behalf, the Board may appoint one or more of its body, as Whole-time Director or Whole-time Directors on such designation and on such terms and conditions as it may deem fit. The Whole-time Directors shall perform such duties and exercise such powers as the Board may from time to time determine which shall exercise all such powers and perform all such duties subject to the control, supervision and directions of the Board and subject thereto the supervision and directions of the Managing Director. The remuneration payable to the Whole-time Directors shall be determined by the Company in General Meeting, subject to the approval of the Central Government, if any, required in that behalf.
2. A Whole-time Director shall (subject to the provisions of any contract between him and the Company) be subject to the same provisions as to resignation and removal as the other Directors, and he shall, ipso facto and immediately, cease to be Whole-time Director, if he ceases to hold the Office of Director from any cause, whole-time Directors are not liable to retire by rotation.

#### **Secretary**

138. The Board shall have power to appoint a Secretary a person fit in its opinion for the said office, for such period and on such terms and conditions as regards remuneration and otherwise as it may determine. The Secretary shall have such powers and duties as may, from time to time, be delegated or entrusted to him by the Board and defined in the Act.

#### **Powers as to commencement of business**

139. Subject to the provisions of the Act, any branch or kind of business which by the Memorandum of Association of the Company or these presents is expressly or by implication authorised to be undertaken by the Company, may be undertaken by the Board at such time or times as it shall think fit and further may be suffered by it to be in abeyance whether such branch or kind of business may have been actually commenced or not so long as the Board may deem it expedient not to commence or proceed with such branch or kind of business.

#### **Delegation of power**

140. Subject to Section 179 the Board may delegate all or any of its powers to any Director, jointly or severally or to any one Director at its discretion or to the Whole-time Directors.

## **BORROWING**

#### **Borrowing Powers**

141. a. The Board may, from time to time, raise any money or any moneys or

sums of money for the purpose of the Company; provided that the moneys to be borrowed together with the moneys already borrowed by the Company (apart from temporary loans obtained from the Company's bankers in the ordinary course of business) shall not, without the sanction of the Company at a General Meeting, exceed the aggregate of the paid-up capital of the Company and its free reserves, that is to say, reserves not set-apart for any specific purpose and in particular but subject to the provisions of Section 179 of the Act, the Board may, from time to time, at its discretion raise or borrow or secure the payment of any such sum or sums of money for the purpose of the Company, by the issue of debentures to members, perpetual or otherwise including debentures convertible into shares of this or any other company or perpetual annuities in security of any such money so borrowed, raised or received, mortgage, pledge or charge, the whole or any part of the property, assets, or revenue of the Company, present or future, including its uncalled capital by special assignment or otherwise or transfer or convey the same absolutely or entrust and give the lenders powers of sale and other powers as may be expedient and purchase, redeem or pay off any such security. Provided that every resolution passed by the Company in General Meeting in relation to the exercise of the power to borrow as stated above shall specify the total amount upto which moneys may be borrowed by the Board of Directors, provided that subject to the provisions of clause next above, the Board may, from time to time, at its discretion, raise or borrow or secure the repayment of any sum or sums of money for the purpose of the Company as such time and in such manner and upon such terms and conditions in all respects as it thinks fit and in particular, by promissory notes or by opening current accounts, or by receiving deposits and advances, with or without security or by the issue of bonds, perpetual or redeemable debentures or debenture stock of the Company charged upon all or any part of the property of the Company (both present and future) including its uncalled capital for the time being or by mortgaging or charging or pledging any land, building, bond or other property and security of the Company or by such other means as them may seem expedient.

**Assignment of debentures**

142. Such debentures, debenture stock, bonds or other securities may be made assignable, free from any equities between the Company and the person to whom the same may be issued.

**Terms of debenture issue**

143. a. Any such debenture, debenture stock, bond or other security may be issued at a discount, premium or otherwise, and with any special privilege as the redemption, surrender, drawing, allotment of shares of the Company, or otherwise, provided that debentures with the right to allotment or conversion into shares shall not be issued except with the sanction of the Company in General Meeting.

b. Any trust deed for securing of any debenture or debenture stock and or any mortgage deed and/or other bond for securing payment of moneys borrowed by or due by the Company and/or any contract or any agreement made by the Company with any person, firm, body corporate, Government or authority who may render or agree to render any financial assistance to the Company by way of loans advanced or by

guaranteeing of any loan borrowed or other obligations of the Company or by subscription to the share capital of the Company or provide assistance in any other manner may provide for the appointment from time to time, by any such mortgagee, lender, trustee of or holders of debentures or contracting party as aforesaid, of one or more persons to be a Director or Directors of the Company. Such trust deed, mortgage deed, bond or contract may provide that the person appointing a Director as aforesaid may, from time to time, remove any Director so appointed by him and appoint any other person in his place and provide for filling up of any casual vacancy created by such person vacating office as such Director. Such power shall determine and terminate on the discharge or repayment of the respective mortgage, loan or debt or debenture or on the termination of such contract and any person so appointed as Director under mortgage or bond or debenture trust deed or under such contract shall cease to hold office as such Director on the discharge of the same. Such appointment and provision in such document as aforesaid shall be valid and effective as if contained in these presents.

- c. The Director or Directors so appointed by or under a mortgage deed or other bond or contract as aforesaid shall be called a Mortgage Director or Mortgage Directors and the Director if appointed as aforesaid under the provisions of a debenture trust deed shall be called Debenture Director . The words Mortgage or Debenture Director shall mean the Mortgage Director for the time being in office. The Mortgage Director or Debenture Director shall not be required to hold any qualification shares and shall not be liable to retire by rotation or to be removed from office by the Company. Such mortgage deed or bond or trust deed or contract may contain such auxiliary provision as may be arranged between the Company and mortgagee lender, the trustee or contracting party, as the case may be, and all such provisions shall have effect notwithstanding any of the other provisions herein contained but subject to the provisions of the Act.
- d. The Directors appointed as Mortgage Director or Debenture Director or Corporate Director under the Article shall be deemed to be ex-officio Directors.
- e. The total number of ex-officio Directors, if any, so appointed under this Article together with the other ex-officio Directors, if any, appointment under any other provisions of these presents shall not at any time exceed one-third of the whole number of Directors for the time being.

**Charge on uncalled capital**

144. Any uncalled capital of the Company may be included in or charged by mortgage or other security

**Subsequent assignees of uncalled capital**

145. Where any uncalled capital of the Company is charged, all persons taking any subsequent charge thereon shall take the same subject such prior charge, and shall not be entitled, by notice to the shareholder or otherwise, to obtain priority over such prior charge.

**Charge in favour of Director of indemnity**

146. If the Directors or any of them or any other person shall become personally liable for the payment of any sum primarily due from the Company, the



Board may execute or cause to be executed any mortgage, charge or security over or affecting the whole or any part of the assets of the Company by way of indemnity to secure the Directors or other person so becoming liable as aforesaid from any loss in respect of such liability.

**Powers to be exercised by Board only at meeting**

147. a. Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Board shall exercise the following powers on behalf of the Company and the said power shall be exercised only by resolution passed at the meetings of the Board.
- (a) to make calls on shareholders in respect of money unpaid on their shares;
  - (b) to authorise buy-back of securities under section 68;
  - (c) to issue securities, including debentures, whether in or outside India;
  - (d) to borrow monies;
  - (e) to invest the funds of the company;
  - (f) to grant loans or give guarantee or provide security in respect of loans;
  - (g) to approve financial statement and the Board's report;
  - (h) to diversify the business of the company;
  - (i) to approve amalgamation, merger or reconstruction;
  - (j) to take over a company or acquire a controlling or substantial stake in another company;
  - (k) to make political contributions;
  - (l) to appoint or remove key managerial personnel (KMP);
  - (m) to take note of appointment(s) or removal(s) of one level below the Key Management Personnel;
  - (n) to appoint internal auditors and secretarial auditor;
  - (o) to take note of the disclosure of director's interest and shareholding;
  - (p) to buy, sell investments held by the company (other than trade investments), constituting five percent or more of the paid up share capital and free reserves of the investee company;
  - (q) to invite or accept or renew public deposits and related matters;
  - (r) to review or change the terms and conditions of public deposit;
  - (s) to approve quarterly, half yearly and annual financial statements or financial results as the case may be.
  - (t) such other business as may be prescribed by the Act.
- b. The Board may by a meeting delegate to any Committee of the Board or to the Managing Director the powers specified in Sub-clauses, d, e and f above.

- c. Every resolution delegating the power set out in Sub-clause d shall specify the total amount outstanding at any one time up to which moneys may be borrowed by the said delegate.
- d. Every resolution delegating the power referred to in Sub-clause e shall specify the total amount upto which the funds may be invested and the nature of investments which may be made by the delegate.
- e. Every resolution delegating the power referred to in Sub-clause f above shall specify the total amount upto which loans may be made by the delegate, the purposes for which the loans may be made, and the maximum amount of loans that may be made for each such purpose in individual cases.

**Register of mortgage to be kept**

148. The Directors shall cause a proper register and charge creation documents to be kept in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 for all mortgages and charges specifically affecting the property of the Company and shall duly comply with the requirements of the said Act, in regard to the registration of mortgages and charges specifically affecting the property of the Company and shall duly comply with the requirements of the said Act, in regard to the registration of mortgages and charges therein specified and otherwise and shall also duly comply with the requirements of the said Act as to keeping a copy of every instrument creating any mortgage or charge by the Company at the office.

**Register of holders of debentures**

149. Every register of holders of debentures of the Company may be closed for any period not exceeding on the whole forty five days in any year, and not exceeding thirty days at any one time. Subject as the aforesaid, every such register shall be open to the inspection of registered holders of any such debenture and of any member but the Company may in General Meeting impose any reasonable restriction so that at least two hours in every day, when such register is open, are appointed for inspection.

**Inspection of copies of and Register of Mortgages**

150. The Company shall comply with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, as to allow inspection of copies kept at the Registered Office in pursuance of the said Act, and as to allowing inspection of the Register of charges to be kept at the office in pursuance of the said Act.

**Supplying copies of register of holder of debentures**

151. The Company shall comply with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, as to supplying copies of any register of holders of debentures or any trust deed for securing any issue of debentures.

**Right of holders of debentures as to Financial Statements**

152. Holders of debentures and any person from whom the Company has accepted any sum of money by way of deposit, shall on demand, be entitled to be furnished, free of cost, or for such sum as may be prescribed by the Government from time to time, with a copy of the Financial Statements of the Company and other reports attached or appended thereto.

**Minutes**

153. a. The Company shall comply with the requirements of Section 118 of the Act, in respect of the keeping of the minutes of all proceedings of every

General Meeting and every meeting of the Board or any Committee of the Board.

- b. The Chairman of the meeting shall exclude at his absolute discretion such of the matters as are or could reasonably be regarded as defamatory of any person irrelevant or immaterial to the proceedings or detrimental to the interests of the Company.

**Managing Director's power to be exercised severally**

154. All the powers conferred on the Managing Director by these presents, or otherwise may, subject to any directions to the contrary by the Board of Directors, be exercised by any of them severally.

**MANAGER**

**Manager**

155. Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Directors may appoint any person as Manager for such term not exceeding five years at a time at such remuneration and upon such conditions as they may think fit and any Manager so appointed may be removed by the Board.

**COMMON SEAL**

**Common Seal**

156. The Board shall provide a common seal of the Company and shall have power from time to time to destroy the same and substitute a new seal in lieu thereof. The common seal shall be kept at the Registered Office of the Company and committed to the custody of the Directors.

**Affixture of Common Seal**

157. The seal shall not be affixed to any instrument except by the authority of a resolution of the Board or Committee and unless the Board otherwise determines, every deed or other instrument to which the seal is required to be affixed shall, unless the same is executed by a duly constituted attorney for the Company, be signed by one Director and the Secretary in whose presence the seal shall have been affixed or such other person as may, from time to time, be authorised by the Board and provided nevertheless that any instrument bearing the seal of the Company issued for valuable consideration shall be binding on the Company notwithstanding any irregularity touching the authority to issue the same provided also the counter signature of the Chairman or the Vice Chairman, which shall be sealed in the presence of any one Director and signed by him on behalf of the Company.

**DIVIDENDS AND RESERVES**

**Rights to Dividend**

158. The profits of the Company, subject to any special rights relating thereto created or authorised to be created by these presents and subject to the provisions of these presents as to the Reserve Fund, shall be divisible among the equity shareholders.

**Declaration of Dividends**

159. The Company in General Meeting may declare dividends but no dividend shall exceed the amount recommended by the Board.

**What to be deemed net profits**

160. The declarations of the Directors as to the amount of the net profits of the Company shall be conclusive.

**Interim Dividend**

161. The Board may from time to time pay to the members such interim dividends as appear to it to be justified by the profits of the Company.

**Dividends to be paid out of profits only**

162. No dividend shall be payable except out of the profits of the year or any other undistributed profits except as provided by Section 123 of the Act.

**Reserve Funds**

163. a. The Board may, before recommending any dividends, set aside out of the profits of the Company such sums as it thinks proper as a reserve or reserves which shall, at the discretion of the Board, be applicable for any purpose to which the profits of the Company may be properly applied, including provision for meeting contingencies or for equalising dividends and pending such application may, at the like discretion either be employed in the business of the Company or be invested in such investments (other than shares of the Company) as the Board may, from time to time, think fit.

b. The Board may also carry forward any profits which it may think prudent not to divide without setting them aside as Reserve.

**Method of payment of dividend**

164. a. Subject to the rights of persons, if any, entitled to share with special rights as to dividends, all dividends shall be declared and paid according to the amounts paid or credited as paid on the shares in respect whereof the dividend is paid.

b. No amount paid or credited as paid on a share in advance of calls shall be treated for the purposes of these regulations as paid on the share.

c. All dividends shall be apportioned and paid proportionately to the amounts paid or credited as paid on the shares during any portion or portions of the period in respect of which the dividend is paid but if any share is issued on terms providing that it shall rank for dividends as from a particular date, such shares shall rank for dividend accordingly.

**Deduction of arrears**

165. The Board may deduct from any dividend payable to any member all sums of money, if any, presently payable by him to the Company on account of calls in relation to the shares of the Company or otherwise.

**Adjustment of dividend against call**

166. Any General Meeting declaring a dividend or bonus may make a call on the members of such amounts as the meeting fixes, but so that the call on each member shall not exceed the dividend payable to him and so that the call be made payable at the same time as the dividend and the dividend may, if so arranged between the Company and themselves, be set off against the call.

**Payment by cheque / Warrant/ Electronic mode**

167. a. Any dividend, interest or other moneys payable in cash in respect of shares may be paid by cheque /Warrant/ Electronic mode sent through

post directly to the registered address of the holder or, in the case of joint holders, to the registered address of that one of the joint holders who is first named in the Register of Members or to such person and to such address of the holder as the joint holders may in writing direct.

- b. Every such cheque /Warrant/ Electronic mode shall be made payable to the order of the person to whom it is sent.
- c. Every dividend cheque / Warrant/ Electronic mode shall be posted within thirty days from the date of declaration of the dividends.

**Retention in certain cases**

168. The Directors may retain the dividends payable upon shares in respect of which any person is under the transmission clause entitled to become a member in respect thereof or shall duly transfer the same.(A) Where any instrument of transfer of shares has been delivered to the Company for registration on holders, the Transfer of such shares and the same has not been registered by the Company, it shall, and notwithstanding anything contained in any other provision of the Act:

- a) transfer the dividend in relation to such shares to the Special Account referred to in Sections 123 and 124 of the Act, unless the Company is authorised by the registered holder, of such shares in writing to pay such dividend to the transferee specified in such instrument of transfer, and
- b) Keep in abeyance in relation to such shares any offer of rights shares under Clause(a) of Sub-section (1) of Section 62 of the Act, and any issue of fully paid-up bonus shares in pursuance of Sub-section (3) of Section 123 of the Act .

**Deduction of arrears**

169. Any one of two of the joint holders of a share may give effectual receipt for any dividend, bonus, or other money payable in respect of such share.

**Notice of Dividends**

170. Notice of any dividend that may have been declared shall be given to the person entitled to share therein in the manner mentioned in the Act.

**Dividend not to bear interest**

171. No dividend shall bear interest against the Company

**Unclaimed Dividend**

172. No unclaimed dividends shall be forfeited. Unclaimed dividends shall be dealt with in accordance to the provisions of Sections 123 and 124 of the Companies Act, 2013.

**Transfer of share not to pass prior Dividend**

173. Any transfer of shares shall not pass the right to any dividend declared thereon before the registration of the transfer.

**CAPITALISATION OF PROFITS**

**Capitalisation of Profits**

174. 1) The Board may resolve:

- a) That it is desirable to capitalise any part of the amounts for the time being standing to the credit of the Company's reserve accounts

or to the credit of the profit and loss accounts or dividend otherwise available for distribution; and

- b) That such sum be accordingly set free for distribution in the manner specified in clause (2) amongst the members who would have been entitled thereto if distributed by way of such dividend and in the same proportion.
- 2) The sum aforesaid shall not be paid in cash but shall be applied, subject to the provisions contained in clause (3) either in or towards:
    - i) Paying up any amount for the time being unpaid on shares held by such members respectively ; or
    - ii) Paying up in full unissued shares of the Company to the allotted and distributed credited as fully paid up, to and amongst such members in the proportion aforesaid ; or
    - iii) Partly in the way specified in sub-clause (i) and partly in that specified in sub-clause (ii).
  - 3) A share premium account and a capital redemption fund may be applied in the paying up of unissued shares to be issued to members of the Company as fully paid bonus shares.

**Powers of Directors for declaration of Bonus**

175. 1) Whenever such a resolution as aforesaid shall have been passed by the Board shall :
- a) make all appropriations and applications of the undistributed profits to be capitalised thereby and issue of fully paid shares or debentures, if any ; and
  - b) generally do all acts and things required to give effect thereto.
- 2) The Board shall have full power :
- a) to make such provision, by the issue of fractional certificates or by payments in cash or otherwise as it thinks fit in the case of shares becoming distributable in fraction ; and also
  - b) to authorise any person to enter on behalf of all the members entitled thereto into an agreement with the Company providing for the allotment to them respectively credited as fully paid up of any further shares or debentures of which they may be entitled upon such capitalisation or as the case may require, for the payment of by the Company on their behalf, by the application thereto of their respective proportion of the profits resolved to be capitalised or the amounts or any part of the amounts remaining unpaid on the shares.3) Any agreement made under such authority shall be effective and binding on all such members.

**ACCOUNTS**

**Books of account to be kept**

176. a. The Board shall cause proper books of accounts to be kept in respect of all sums of money received and expended by the Company and the matters in respect of which such receipts and expenditure take place,

of all sales and purchases of goods by the Company, and of the assets and liabilities of the Company.

- b. All the aforesaid books shall give a fair and true view of the affairs of the Company or of its branch as the case may be, with respect to the matters aforesaid, and explain in transactions.
- c. The books of accounts shall be open to inspection by any Director during business hours.

**Where books of account to be kept**

177. The books of account shall be kept at the Registered Office or at such other place as the Board thinks fit.

**Inspection by members**

178. The Board shall, from time to time, determine whether and to what extent and at what time and under what conditions or regulations the accounts and books and documents of the Company or any of them shall be open to the inspection of the members and no member (not being a Director) shall have any right of inspection any account or book or document of the Company except as conferred by statute or authorised by the Board or by a resolution of the Company in General Meeting. Fees for the inspection of documents as provided by the Act.

**Statement of account to be furnished to General Meeting**

179. The Board shall lay before such Annual General Meeting , financial statements made up as at the end of the financial year which shall be a date which shall not precede the day of the meeting by more than six months or such extension of time as shall have been granted by the Registrar under pthe provisions of the Act.

**Financial Statements**

180. Subject to the provisions of Section 129, 133 of the Act, every financial statements of the Company shall be in the forms set out in Parts I and II respectively of Schedule III of the Act, or as near thereto as circumstances admit.

**Authentication of Financial Statements**

- 181. a. Subject to Section 134 of the Act, every financial statements of the Company shall be signed on behalf of the Board by not less than two Directors
- b. The financial statements shall be approved by the Board before they are signed on behalf of the Board in accordance with the provisions of this Article and before they are submitted to the Auditors for their report thereon.

**Auditors Report to be annexed**

182. The Auditor's Report shall be attached to the financial statements.

**Board's Report to be attached to Financial Statements**

183. a. Every financial statement laid before the Company in General Meeting shall have attached to it a report by the Board with respect to the state of the Company's affairs, the amounts, if any, which it proposes to carry to any reserve either in such Balance Sheet or in a subsequent Balance Sheet and the amount, if any, which it recommends to be paid by way of dividend.

- b. The report shall, so far as it is material for the appreciation of the state of the Company's affairs by its members and will not in the Board's opinion be harmful to its business or that of any of its subsidiaries, deal with any change which has occurred during the financial year in the nature of the Company's business or that of the Company's subsidiaries and generally in the classes of business in which the Company has an interest and material changes and commitments, if any, affecting the financial position of the Company which has occurred between the end of the financial year of the Company to which the Balance Sheet relates and the date of the report.
- c. The Board shall also give the fullest information and explanation in its report or in case falling under the provision of Section 134 of the Act in an addendum to that Report on every reservation, qualification or adverse remark contained in the Auditor's Report.
- d. The Board's Report and addendum, if any, thereto shall be signed by its Chairman if he is authorised in that behalf by the Board; and where he is not authorised, shall be signed by such number of Directors as is required to sign the Financial Statements of the Company under Article 181.
- e. The Board shall have the right to charge any person not being a Director with the duty of seeing that the provisions of Sub-clauses (a) to (e) of this Article are complied with.

**Right of member to copies of Financial Statements**

184. The Company shall comply with the requirements of Section 136

**ANNUAL RETURNS**

**Annual Returns**

185. The Company shall make the requisite annual return in accordance with Section 92 of the Act.

**AUDIT**

**Accounts to be audited**

186. a. Every Financial Statement shall be audited by one or more Auditors to be appointed as hereinafter mentioned.
- b. pSubject to provisions of the Act, The Company at the Annual General Meeting shall appoint an Auditor or Firm of Auditors to hold office from the conclusion of that meeting until the conclusion of the fifth Annual General Meeting and shall, within seven days of the appointment, give intimation thereof to every Auditor so appointed unless he is a retiring Auditor.
  - c. At every Annual General Meeting, reappointment of such auditor shall be ratified by the shareholders.
  - d. Where at an Annual General Meeting no Auditors are appointed or reappointed, the Central Government may appoint a person to fill the vacancy.
  - e. The Company shall, within seven days of the Central Government's power under Sub-clause (d) becoming exercisable, give notice of that fact to that Government.



- f. 1. The first Auditor or Auditors of the Company shall be appointed by the Board of Directors within one month of the date of registration of the Company and the Auditor or Auditors so appointed shall hold office until the conclusion of the first Annual General Meeting. Provided that the Company may at a General Meeting remove any such Auditor or all or any of such Auditors and appoint in his or their places any other person or persons who have been nominated for appointment by any such member of the Company and of whose nomination notice has been given to the members of the Company, not less than 14 days before the date of the meeting; and
  2. If the Board fails to exercise its power under this Sub-clause, the Company in General Meeting may appoint the first Auditor or Auditors.
- g. The Directors may fill any casual vacancy in the office of an Auditor, but while any such vacancy continues, the remaining Auditor or Auditors, if any, may act, but where such a vacancy is caused by the resignation of an Auditor, the vacancy shall only be filled by the Company in General Meeting.
- h. A person other than a retiring Auditor, shall not be capable of being appointed at an Annual General Meeting unless Special Notice of a resolution for appointment of that person to the office of Auditor has been given by a member to the Company not less than fourteen days before the meeting in accordance with Section 115 of the Act and the Company shall send a copy of any such notice to the retiring Auditor and shall give notice thereof to the members in accordance with Section 190 of the Act and all other provisions of Section 140 of the Act shall apply in the matter. The provisions of this Sub-clause shall also apply to a resolution that retiring Auditor shall be reappointed.
- i. The persons qualified for appointment as Auditors shall be only those referred to in Section 141 of the Act.
- j. Subject to the provisions of Section 146 of the Act, the Auditor of the company shall attend general meetings of the company.

**Audit of Branch Offices**

187. The Company shall comply with the provisions of Section 143 of the Act in relation to the audit of the accounts of Branch Offices of the Company.

**Remuneration of Auditors**

188. The remuneration of the Auditors shall be fixed by the Company in General Meeting except that the remuneration of any Auditor appointed to fill and casual vacancy may be fixed by the Board.

**Rights and duties of Auditors**

189. a. Every Auditor of the Company shall have a right of access at all times to the books of accounts and vouchers of the Company and shall be entitled to require from the Directors and officers of the Company such information and explanations as may be necessary for the performance of his duties as Auditor.
- b. All notices of, and other communications relating to any General Meeting

of a Company which any member of the Company is entitled to have sent to him shall also be forwarded to the Auditor, and the Auditor shall be entitled to attend any General Meeting and to be heard at any General Meeting which he attends on any part of the business which concerns him as Auditor.

- c. The Auditor shall make a report to the members of the Company on the accounts examined by him and on Financial statements and on every other document declared by this Act to be part of or annexed to the Financial statements, which are laid before the Company in General Meeting during his tenure of office, and the report shall state whether, in his opinion and to the best of his information and according to explanations given to him, the said accounts give the information required by this Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view:
  1. in the case of the Balance Sheet, of the state of affairs as at the end of the financial year and
  2. in the case of the Statement of Profit and Loss, of the profit or loss for its financial year.
- d. The Auditor's Report shall also state:
  - (a) whether he has sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of his knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of his audit and if not, the details thereof and the effect of such information on the financial statements;
  - (b) whether, in his opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the company so far as appears from his examination of those books and proper returns adequate for the purposes of his audit have been received from branches not visited by him;
  - (c) whether the report on the accounts of any branch office of the company audited under sub-section (8) by a person other than the company's auditor has been sent to him under the proviso to that sub-section and the manner in which he has dealt with it in preparing his report;
  - (d) whether the company's balance sheet and statement of profit & loss and Cash Flow Statement dealt with in the report are in agreement with the books of account and returns;
  - (e) whether, in his opinion, the financial statements comply with the accounting standards;
  - (f) the observations or comments of the auditors on financial transactions or matters which have any adverse effect on the functioning of the company;
  - (g) whether any director is disqualified from being appointed as a director under sub-section (2) of section 164;
  - (h) any qualification, reservation or adverse remark relating to the maintenance of accounts and other matters connected therewith;

- i) whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls;
- (j) whether the company has disclosed the impact, if any, of pending litigations on its financial position in its financial statement;
- (k) whether the company has made provision, as required under any law or accounting standards, for material foreseeable losses, if any, on long term contracts including derivative contracts;
- (l) whether there has been any delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the company.e. Where any of the matters referred to in Clauses (i) and (ii) of Sub-section(2) of Section 143 of the Act or in Clauses (a), (b) and (c) of Sub-section (3) of Section 143 of the Act or Sub-clause (4) (a) and (b) and (c) hereof is answered in the negative or with a qualification, the Auditor's Report shall state the reason for such answer.
- f. The Auditor's Report shall be read before the Company in General Meeting and shall be open to inspection by any member of the Company.

**Accounts whether audited and approved to be conclusive**

190. Every account of the Company when audited and approved by a General Meeting shall be conclusive except as regards any error discovered therein within three months next after the approval thereof. Whenever any such error is discovered within that period, the accounts shall forthwith be corrected, and henceforth be conclusive.

**Service of documents on the Company**

191. A document may be served on the Company or any officer thereof by sending it to the Company or officer at the Registered Office of the Company by Registered Post, or by leaving it at the Registered Office or in electronic mode in accordance with the provisions of the act.

**How documents to be served to members**

192. a. A document (which expression for this purpose shall be deemed to included and shall include any summons, notice, requisition, process, order judgement or any other document in relation to or the winding up of the Company) may be served personally or by sending it by post to him to his registered address or in electronic mode in accordance with the provisions of the act., or (if he has no registered address in India) to the address, if any, within India supplied by him to the Company for the giving of notices to him.
- b. All notices shall, with respect to any registered shares to which persons are entitled jointly, be given to whichever of such persons is named first in the Register, and notice so given shall be sufficient notice to all the holders of such shares.
  - c. Where a document is sent by post:
    - i. service thereof shall be deemed to be effected by properly addressing prepaying and posting a letter containing the notice, provided that where a member has intimated to the Company in advance that

documents should be sent to him under a Certificate of Posting or by Registered Post with or without acknowledgment due and has deposited with the Company a sum sufficient to defray the expenses of doing so, service of the documents shall not be deemed to be effected unless it is sent in the manner intimated by the member, and such service shall be deemed to have been effected;

- a. in the case of a notice of a meeting, at the expiration of forty eight hours after the letter containing the notice is posted, and
- b. in any other case, at the time at which the letter should be delivered in the ordinary course of post.

**Members to notify address in India**

193. Each registered holder of share(s) shall, from time to time, notify in writing to the Company some place in India to be registered as his address and such registered place of address shall for all purposes be deemed to be his place of residence.

**Service on members having no registered address in India**

194. If a member has no registered address in India and has not supplied to the Company an address within India for the giving of notices to him, a document advertised in a newspaper circulating in the neighbourhood of the Registered Office of the Company shall be deemed to be duly served on him on the day on which the advertisement appears.

**Service on persons acquiring shares on death or insolvency of members**

195. A document may be served by the Company to the persons entitled to a share in consequence of the death or insolvency of a member by sending it through the post in a prepaid letter addressed to them by name, or by the title of representatives of deceased or assignees of the insolvent or by any like descriptions at the address, if any, in India supplied for the purpose by the persons claiming to be so entitled or (until such an address has been so supplied) by serving the document in any manner in which the same might have been served if the death or insolvency had not occurred.

**Notice valid though member deceased**

196. Any notice of document delivered or sent by post or left at the registered address of any member in pursuance of these presents shall, notwithstanding that such member by then deceased and whether or not the Company has notice of his decease, be deemed to have been duly served in respect of any registered share whether held solely or jointly with other persons by such member until some other person be registered in his stead as the holder or joint holder thereof and such service shall for all purposes of these presents be deemed a sufficient service of such notice or document on his or on her heirs, executors or administrators, and all other persons, if any, jointly interested with him or her in any such share.

**Persons entitled to Notice of General Meeting**

197. Subject to the provisions of Section 101 the Act and these Articles, notice of General Meeting shall be given to

- (a) every member of the company, legal representative of any deceased member or the assignee of an insolvent member;

- (b) the auditor or auditors of the company; and
- (c) every director of the company. Any accidental omission to give notice to, or the non-receipt of such notice by, any member or other person who is entitled to such notice for any meeting shall not invalidate the proceedings of the meeting.

#### **Advertisement**

- 198 a. Subject to the provisions of the Act, any document required to be served on or sent to the members, or any of them by the Company and not expressly provided for by these presents, shall be deemed to be duly served or sent if advertised in a newspaper circulating in the district where the Registered Office of the Company is situated.
- b. Every person who by operation of law, transfer or other means whatsoever shall become entitled to any share shall be bound by every notice in respect of such share which previously to his name and address being entered in the Register shall be duly given to the person from whom he derived his title to such share or stock.

#### **Transference, etc. bound by prior notices**

199. Every person, who by the operation of law, transfer, or other means whatsoever, shall become entitled to any share, shall be bound by every document in respect of such share which previously to his name and address being entered in the Register, shall have been duly served on or sent to the person from whom he derives his title to the share.

#### **How notice to be signed**

200. Any notice to be given by the Company shall be signed by the Managing Director or by such Director or officer as the Directors may appoint. The signature to any notice to be given by the Company may be written or printed or lithographed.

### **AUTHENTICATION OF DOCUMENTS**

#### **Authentication of document and proceeding**

201. Save as otherwise expressly provided in the Act or these Articles, a document or proceeding requiring authentication by the Company may be signed by a Director, or the Managing Director or an authorised officer of the Company and need not be under its seal.

### **WINDING UP**

#### **Winding up**

202. Subject to the provisions of the Act as to preferential payments, the assets of a Company shall, on its winding-up be applied in satisfaction of its liabilities pari-passu and, subject to such application, shall, unless the articles otherwise provide, be distributed among the members according to their rights and interests in the Company.

#### **Division of assets of the Company in specie among members**

203. If the Company shall be wound up, whether voluntarily or otherwise, the liquidators may, with the sanction of a Special Resolution, divide among the contributories, in specie or kind, and part of the assets of the Company and may, with the like sanction, vest any part of the assets of the Company in trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of the contributories or any of them, as the liquidators with the like sanction shall think fit. In case any shares, to be divided as aforesaid involves a liability to calls or otherwise,

any person entitled under such division to any of the said shares may, within ten days after the passing of the Special Resolution by notice in writing, direct the liquidators to sell his proportion and pay him the net proceeds, and the liquidators shall, if practicable, act accordingly.

### **INDEMNITY AND RESPONSIBILITY**

#### **Directors' and others' right to indemnity**

204. a. Subject to the provisions of Section 197 of the Act every Director, Manager, Secretary and other officer or employee of the Company shall be indemnified by the Company against, and it shall be the duty of the Directors out of the funds of the Company to pay all costs, losses, and expenses (including travelling expenses) which any such Director, officer or employee may incur or becomes liable to by reason of any contract entered into or act or deed done by him or any other way in the discharge of his duties, as such Director, officer or employee.
- b. Subject as aforesaid, every Director, Manager, Secretary, or other officer/employee of the Company shall be indemnified against any liability, incurred by them or him in defending any proceeding whether civil or criminal in which judgement is given in their or his favour or in which he is acquitted or discharged or in connection with any application under Section 463 of the Act in which relief is given to him by the Court and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing, it is hereby expressly declared that the Company shall pay and bear all fees and other expenses incurred or incurable by or in respect of any Director for filing any return, paper or document with the Registrar of Companies, or complying with any of the provisions of the Act in respect of or by reason of his office as a Director or other officer of the Company.

#### **Not responsible for acts of others**

205. Subject to the provisions of Section 197 of the Act, no Director or other officer of the Company shall be liable for the acts, receipts, neglects or defaults of any other Director or officer, or for joining in any receipt or other act for conformity for any loss or expenses happening to the Company through insufficiency or deficiency of title to any property acquired by order of the Directors for and on behalf of the Company, or for the insufficiency or deficiency of title to any property acquired by order of the Directors for and on behalf of the Company or for the insufficiency or deficiency of any money invested, or for any loss or damages arising from the bankruptcy, insolvency or tortuous act of any person, company or corporation with whom any moneys, securities or effects shall be entrusted or deposited or for any loss occasioned by any error of judgement or oversight on his part or for any loss or damage or misfortune whatever, which shall happen in the execution of the duties of his office or in relation thereto unless the same happens through his own act or default.

### **SECRECY CLAUSE**

#### **Secrecy clause**

206. a. No member shall be entitled to visit or inspect the Company's works without the permission of the Directors or Managing Director or to require discovery of or any information respecting any details of the Company's trading or any matter which is or may be in the nature of a trade secret, mystery of trade or secret process or which may relate to the conduct of the business of the Company and which, in the opinion

of the Directors, will be inexpedient in the interests of the Company to communicate to the public.

- b. Every Director, Managing Director, Manager, Secretary, Auditor, Trustee, Members of a Committee, Officers, Servant, Agent, Accountant or other person employed in the business of the Company, shall, if so required by the Directors before entering upon his duties, or at any time during his term of office sign a declaration pledging himself to observe strict secrecy respecting all transactions of the Company and the state of accounts and in matters relating thereto, and shall by such declaration pledge himself not to reveal any of the matters which may come to his knowledge in the discharge of duties except when required so to do by the Board or by any General Meeting or by a Court of Law or by the persons to whom such matters relate and except so far as may be necessary, in order to comply with any of the provisions contained in these Articles

#### **REGISTERS, INSPECTION AND COPIES THEREOF**

207. a. Any Director or Member or person can inspect the statutory registers maintained by the company, which may be available for inspection of such Director or Member or person under provisions of the act by the company, provided he gives fifteen days notice to the company about his intention to do so.
- b. Any Director or Member or person can take copies of such registers of the company by paying Rs. 10 per page to the company. The company will take steps to provide the copies of registers to such person within Fifteen days of receipt of money.

#### **GENERAL AUTHORITY**

208. Wherever in the applicable provisions under the Act, it has been provided that, any Company shall have any right, authority or that such Company could carry out any transaction only if the Company is authorised by its Articles, this regulation hereby authorises and empowers the Company to have such right, privilege or authority and to carry out such transaction as have been permitted by the Act without there being any specific regulation or clause in that behalf in this articles.

We, the several persons, whose names, addresses and descriptions are subscribed below, are desirous of being formed into a Company in pursuance of this Articles of Association and we respectively agree to take the number of shares in the Capital of the Company set opposite to our respective names :-

| Name, Address, Descriptions and Occupations of Subscribers.  | No. of Equity Shares taken by each Subscriber | Name, Address, Occupation & Description of Witness   |
|--|---|--|
| 1. <b>Sri Bijay Singh Surana</b><br>S/o. Late Himmatmal Surana<br>81, Southern Avenue,<br>Calcutta-29.<br>Business           | 10<br>(Ten)                                   | Witness to all Signatories :<br><b>Chainroop Bhansali</b><br>S/o. Sri Fateh Chand Bhansali<br>133, Canning Street, Calcutta - 700 001.<br>Chartered Accountant |
| 2. <b>Smt. Kamala Kumari Surana</b><br>W/o. Sri Bijay Singh Surana<br>81, Southern Avenue,<br>Calcutta-29.<br>Business       | 10<br>(Ten)                                   |  |
| 3. <b>Sri Shanti Kumar Surana</b><br>S/o. Sri Bijay Singh Surana<br>81, Southern Avenue,<br>Calcutta-29.<br>Business         | 10<br>(Ten)                                   |  |
| 4. <b>Sri Saroj Kumar Surana</b><br>S/o. Late Hanutmal Surana<br>81, Southern Avenue,<br>Calcutta-29.<br>Business            | 10<br>(Ten)                                   |  |
| 5. <b>Smt. Sandhya Surana</b><br>W/o. Sri Shanti Kumar Surana<br>81, Southern Avenue,<br>Calcutta-29.<br>Business            | 10<br>(Ten)                                   |  |
| 6. <b>Smt. Madhu Surana</b><br>W/o. Sri Saroj Kumar Surana<br>81, Southern Avenue,<br>Calcutta-29.<br>Business               | 10<br>(Ten)                                   |  |
| 7. <b>Sri Sumermal Kathotia</b><br>S/o. Late Sri Punam Chand<br>Kathotia<br>104, Old China Bazar,<br>Calcutta-1.<br>Business | 10<br>(Ten)                                   |  |
|  | 70<br>(Seventy)                               |  |

Dated, the 23rd day of March, 1982.

For LIKHAMI CONSULTING P.R.  
  
 CHARTERED ACCOUNTANT